

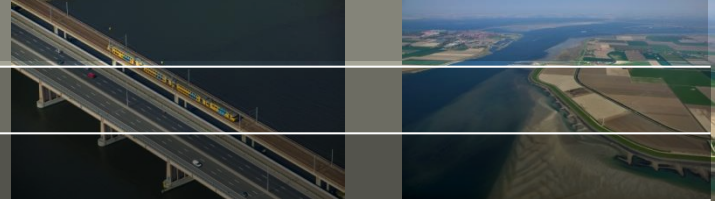


Improving Hydrologic Prediction at the Basin Scale through State Updating

Albrecht Weerts

21 juni 2016

Acknowledgements



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E. Bos, Deltares / SNOW

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S. Hummel, Deltares

R. Molenaar, WUR

D. Tretjalova, WUR

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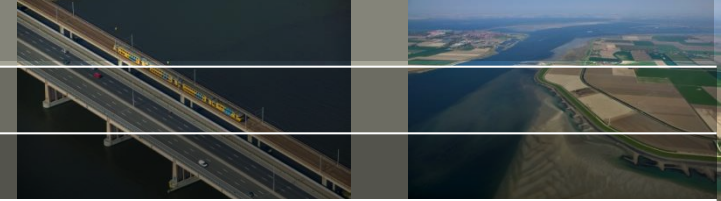
Albert van Dijk, ANU

Bulut Akkol, Anadolu University

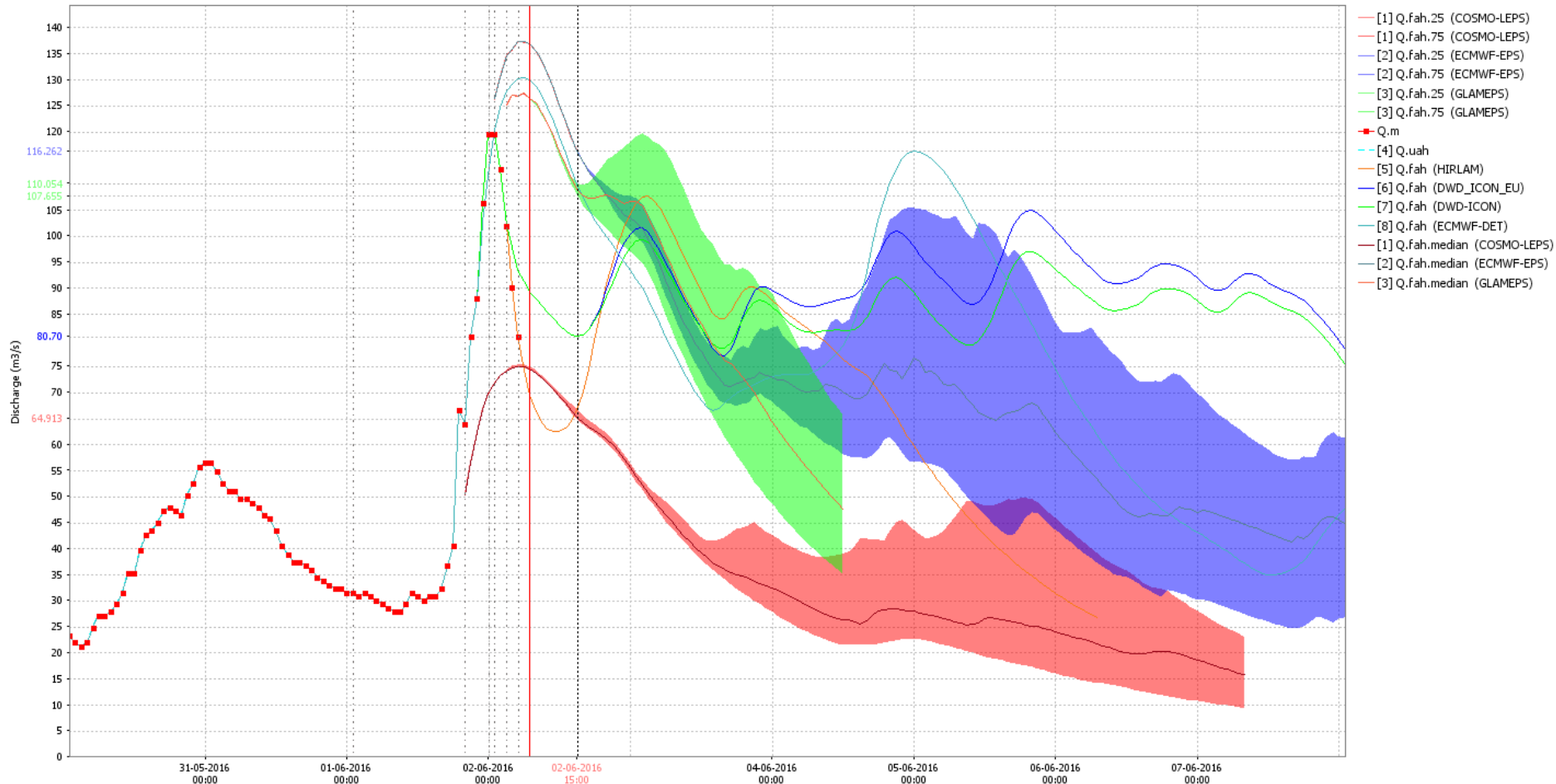
Aynur Sensoy Sorman, Anadolu University

N. Drost, eScience Centre

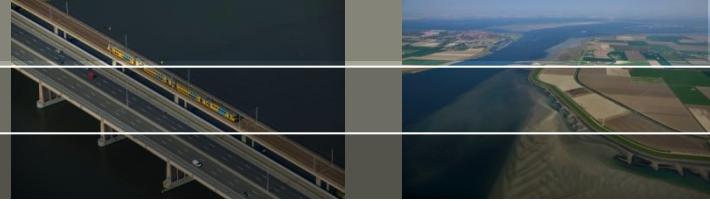
Initial state does matter...



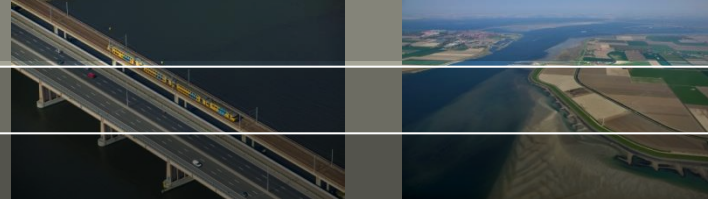
Sieg at Menden



Rijn_Forecast_COSMO-LEPS: [1] Forecast Rhine COSMO... 01-06-2016 20:00:00 GMT+1 Current
 Rijn_Forecast_ECWMWF-EPS: [2] Forecast Rhine ECMWF... 02-06-2016 01:00:00 GMT+1 Current
 Rijn_Forecast_GLAMEPS: [3] Forecast Rhine GLAME... 02-06-2016 03:00:00 GMT+1 Current
 Rijn_Update_SBK3: [4] Pilot Historical Sim... 01-06-2016 01:00:00 GMT+1 Current
 Rijn_Forecast_HIRLAM: [5] Forecast Rhine HIRLA... 02-06-2016 07:00:00 GMT+1 Current
 Rijn_SBK3_Forecast_DWD_ICON_EU: [6] Pilot Forecast Rhine... 02-06-2016 05:00:00 GMT+1 Current
 Rijn_Forecast_DWD-ICON: [7] Forecast Rhine ICON 02-06-2016 05:00:00 GMT+1 Current
 Rijn_SBK3_Forecast_ECWMWF-DET: [8] Pilot Forecast Rhine... 02-06-2016 00:00:00 GMT+1 Current



- ❑ Improving the accuracy of flood forecasting is challenging
- ❑ Automated DA is hardly used within operational hydrology (See Liu et al., 2012)
- ❑ Streamflow data assimilation with a distributed hydrological model can improve the accuracy of flood forecasting (Rakovec et al., 2012, 2015)
- ❑ Discharge measurements are the most widely available hydrological observations for real-time model updating



OpenDA - WFLOW

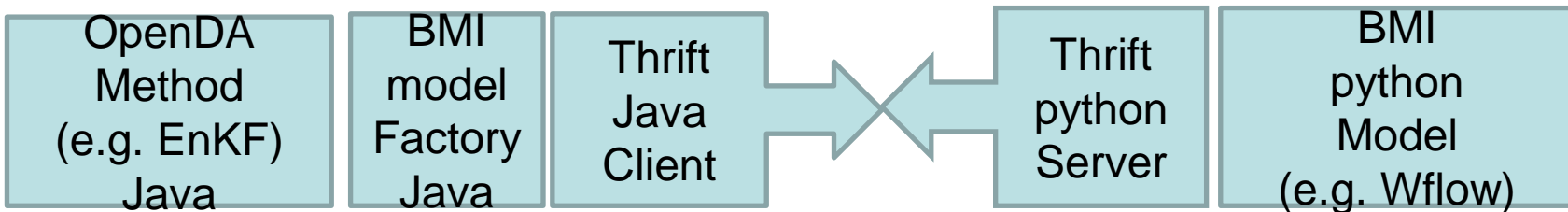
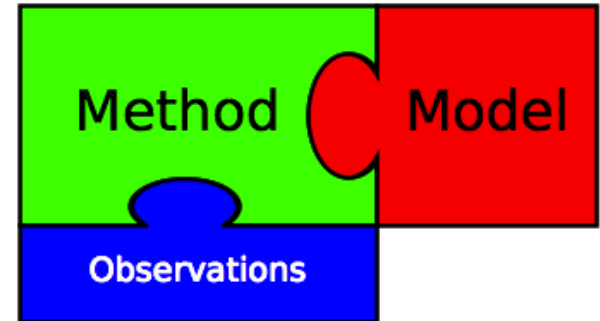
Example:

- Discharge assimilation using EnKF
 - DA in continental/global scale scale flood forecasting system (GLOFFIS)
- (
 - daily discharge assimilation using EnKF
 - discharge & snow data assimilation Turkey (Karasu basin)
 - discharge Murrumbeggee
 - hourly discharge assimilation using EnKF
 - discharge Ourthe, Jadar, Kolubra. Raba)

OpenDA-WFLOW



OpenDA is an open source toolbox for data assimilation and parameter calibration in a generic modeling context.



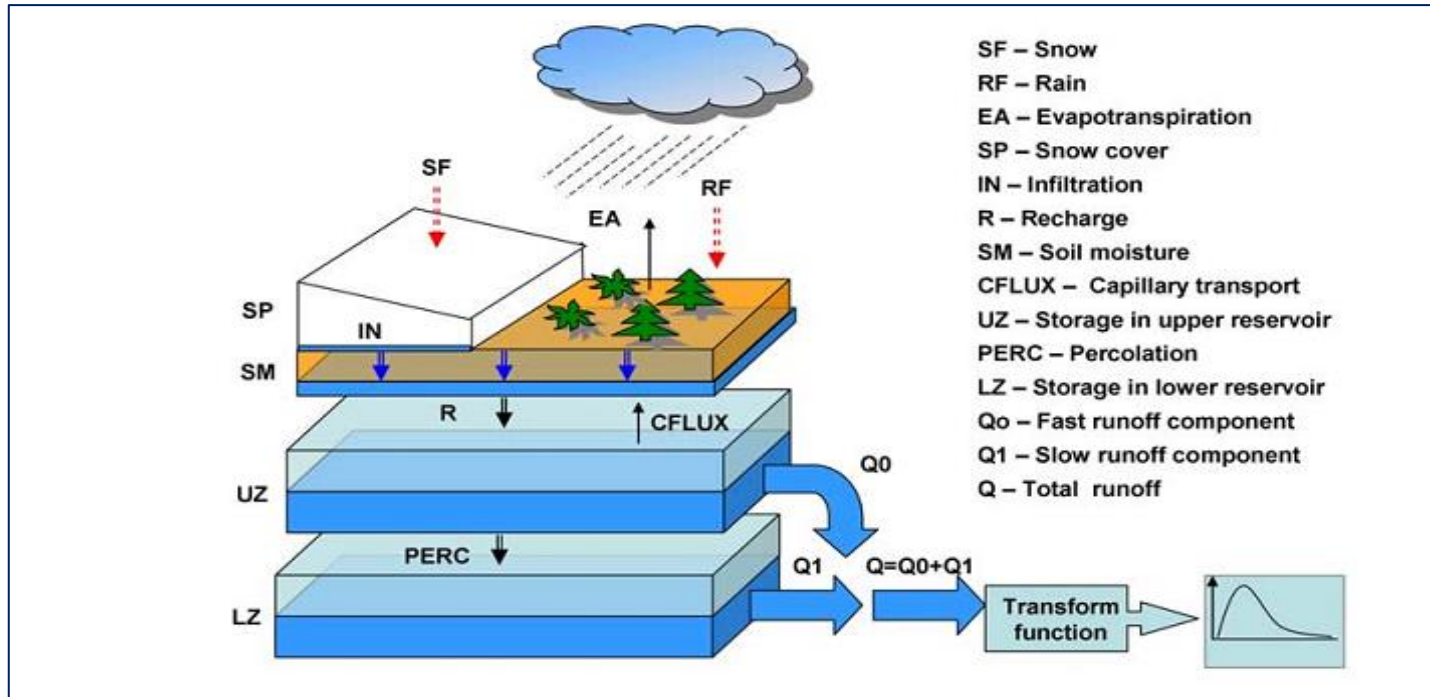
Drost et al., (2015)

Weerts et al., (in prep., 2016)

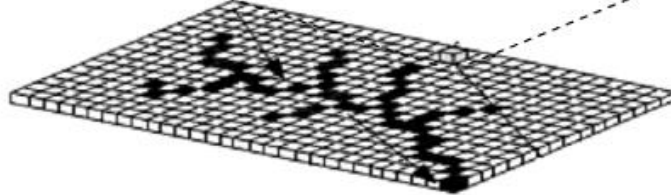
<https://github.com/openstreams/wflow>

BMI=> http://csdms.colorado.edu/wiki/BMI_Description

For example Python WFLOW/OpenStreams HBV-96 distributed hydrological model



Grid Cell with Catchment discretization

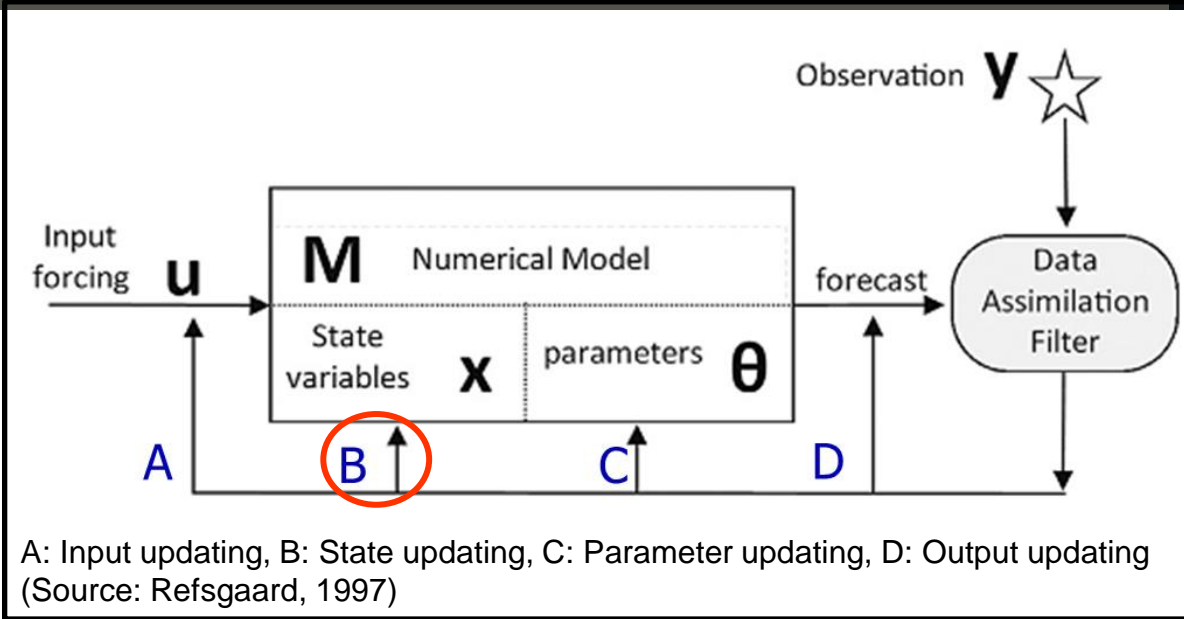
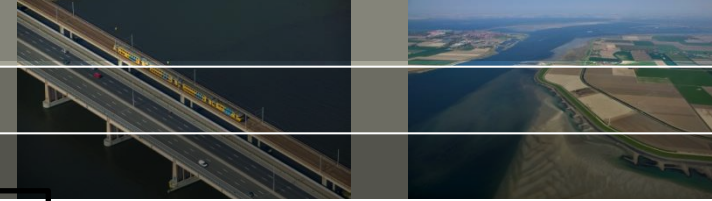


Resolution	1km*1km
Grid cell	95*90
Model Input	SF,RF,T, EA
Model State	SN, SM, UZ, LZ, WL, Q, IC
Discharge Routing	Kinematic Wave model

HBV-96 model (Lindström et al. 1997)

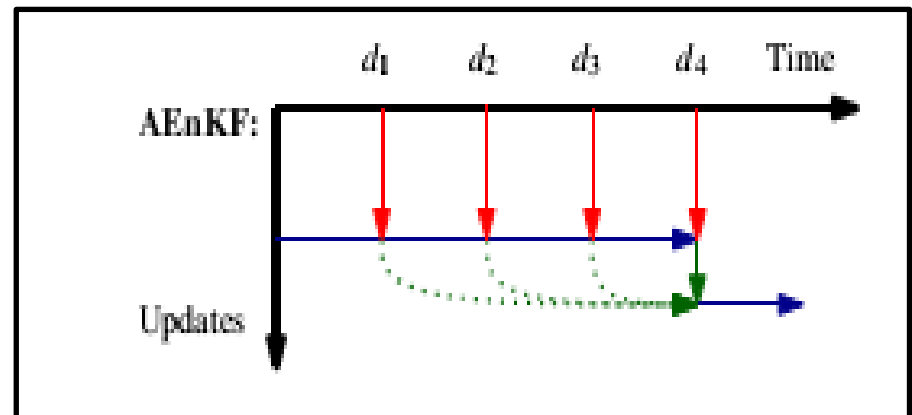
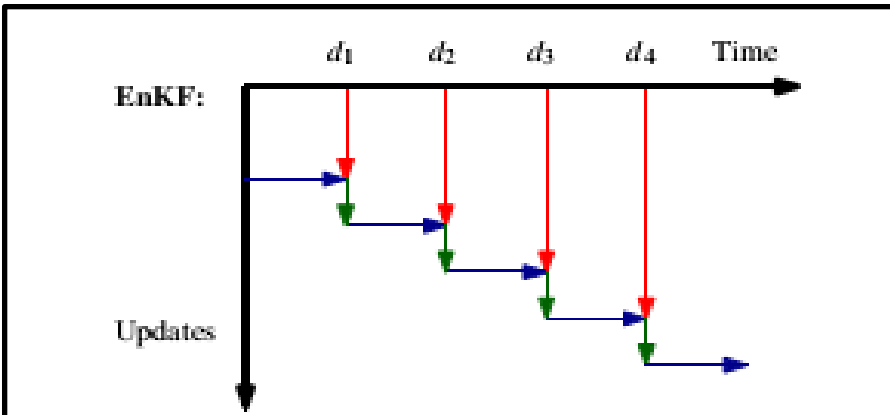
Source: modified after Solomatine and Shrestha 2009 & Rakovec et al. 2012

Literature Review

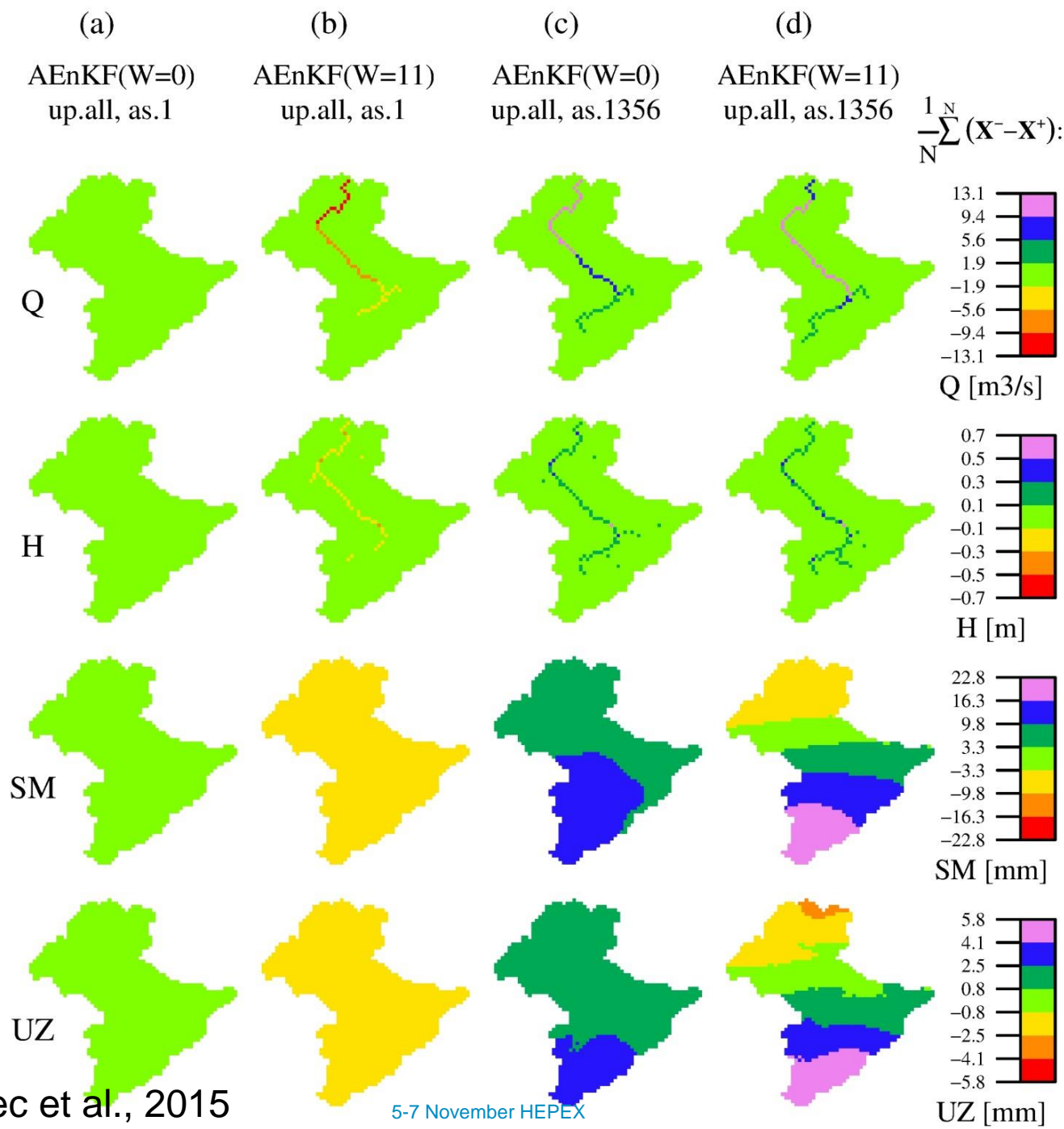
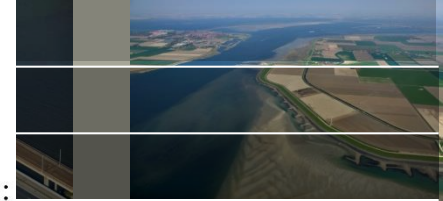


$$X_i^a = X_i^f + K(d + D_i - HX_i^f),$$

X_i^a is analyzed model state
 X_i^f is forecasted model state
 d is the observation
 D_i is the measurement noise
 H is the measurement operator
 K is the Kalman Gain



Blue arrow: on-going model prediction. **Red arrow:** introduction of observations. **Green arrow:** model update. **Green dotted arrows :** the past observation being assimilated using AEnKF



GLOFFIS Flood Forecasting Information System

Global Hydrologic Models:

- PCRLOB-WB (0.1 degree)
- W3RA (0.5 degree => 0.05 degree in progress)
- wflow_routing

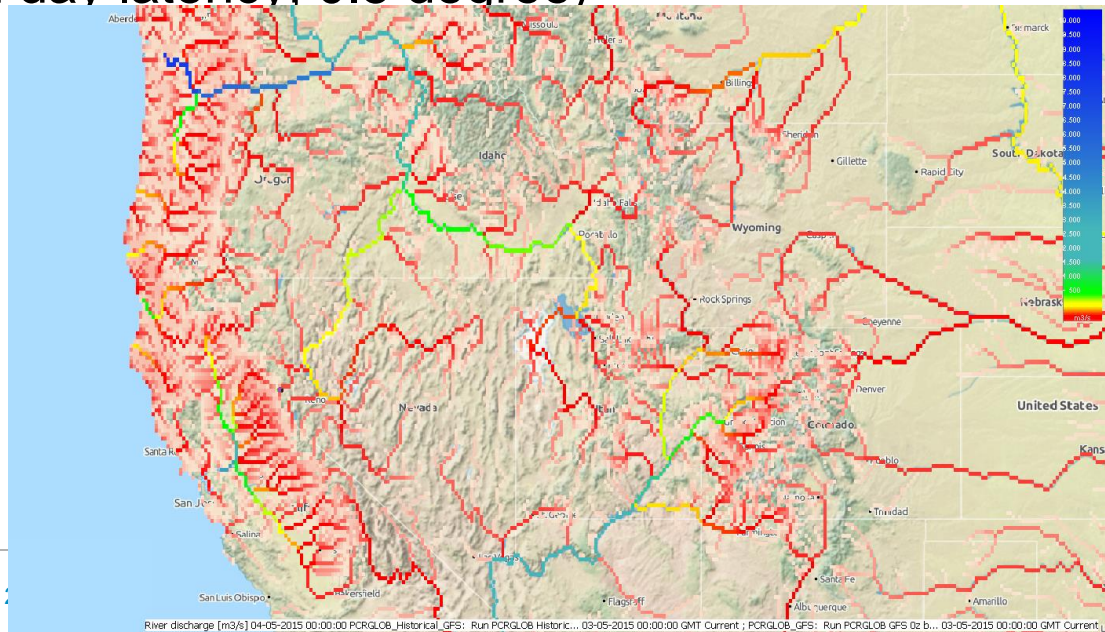
Meteo:

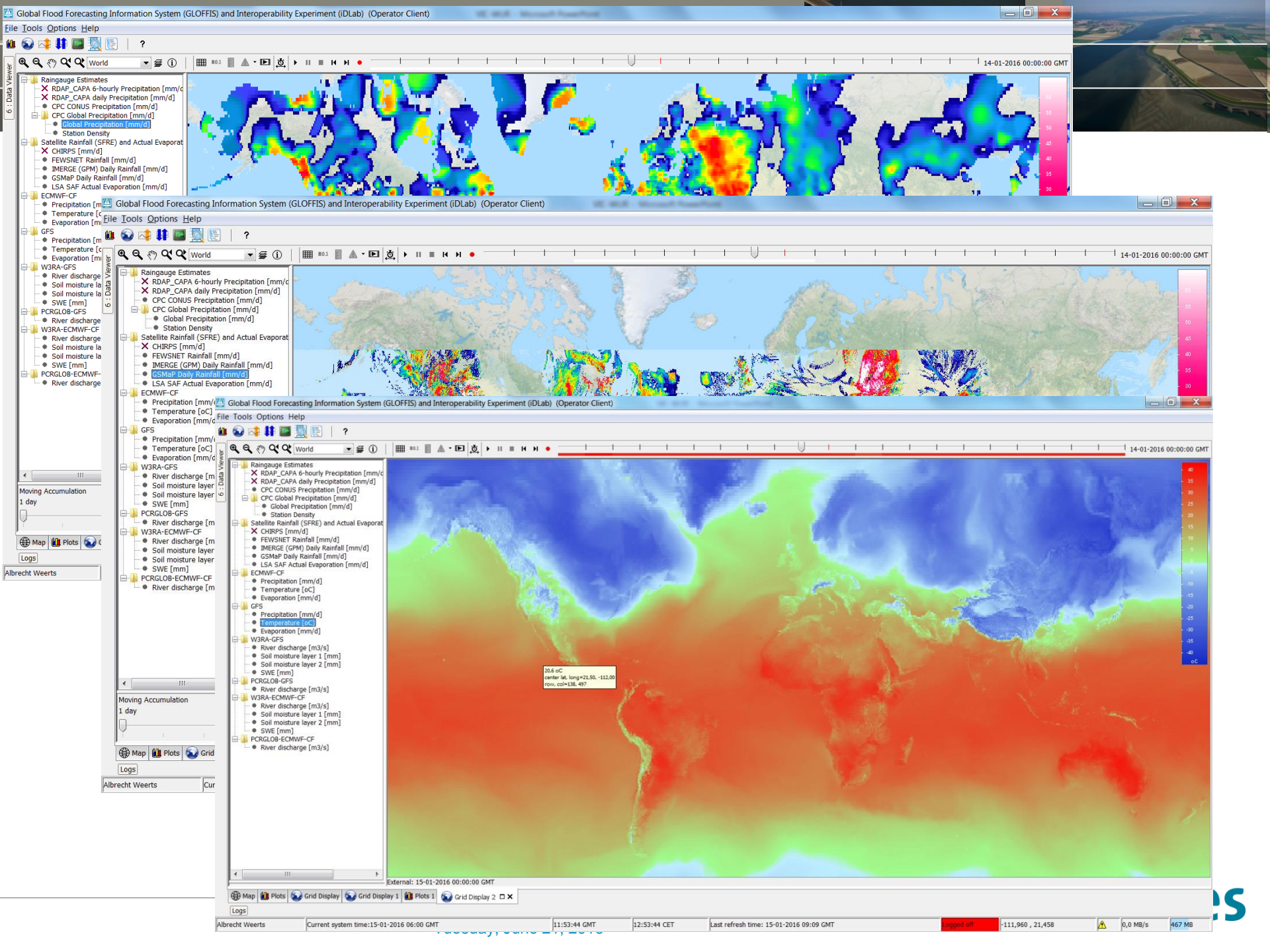
- GFS (4x day)
- GEFS ensembles (4x day) 80 members (time-lagged)
- ECMWF ensembles (TIGGE ~2 day latency, 0.5 degree)

See also

Emmerton et al. 2016

Beck et al 2016 HESSD

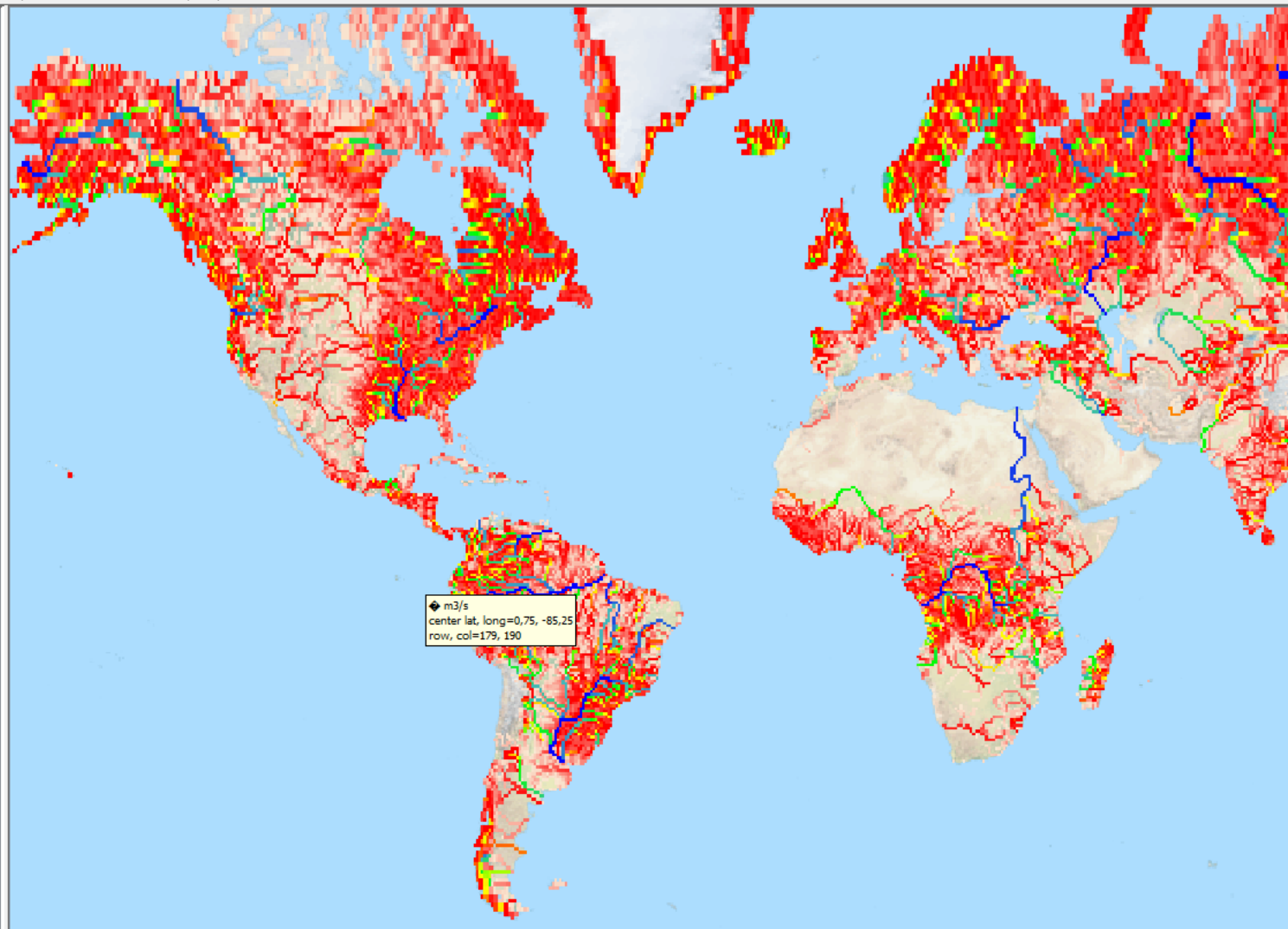






6.1 Data Viewer

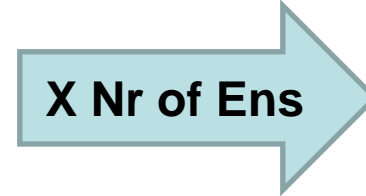
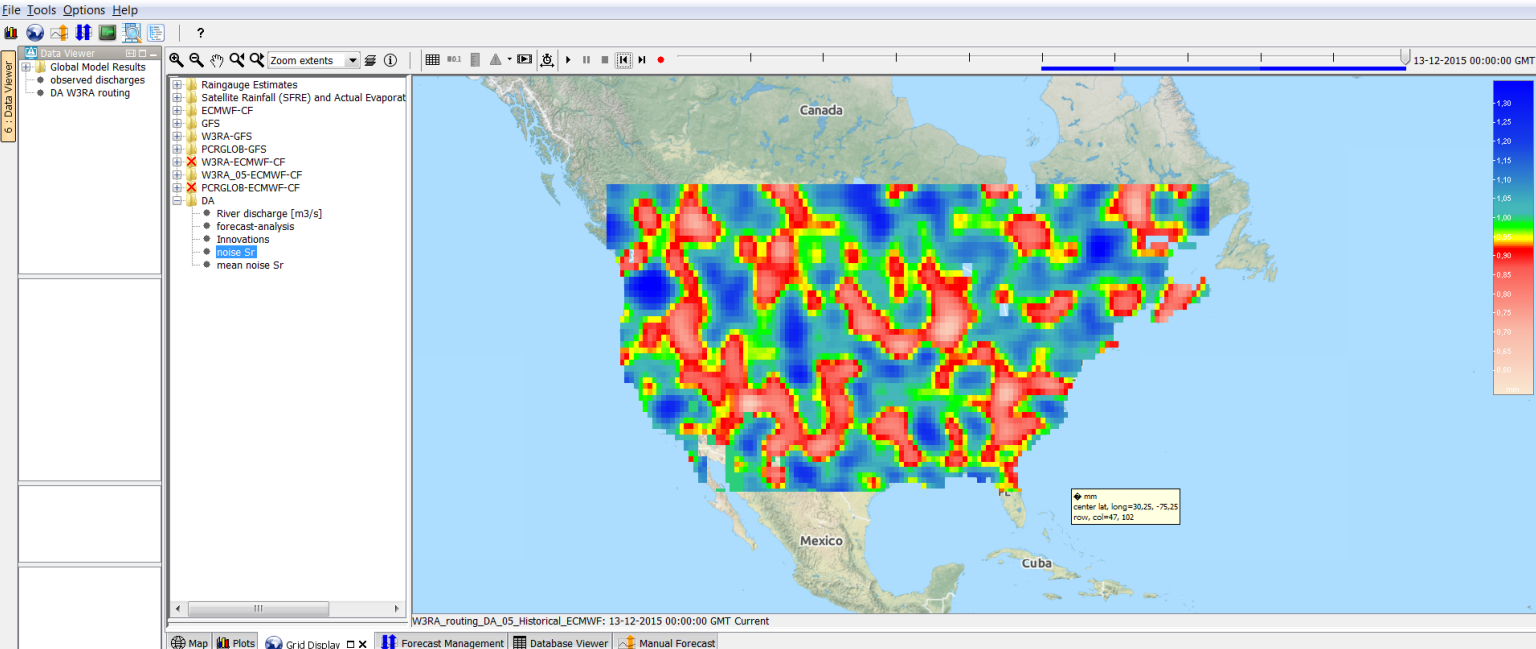
- [-] Raingauge Estimates
 - ✗ RDAP_CAPA 6-hourly Precipitation [mm/d]
 - ✗ RDAP_CAPA daily Precipitation [mm/d]
 - CPC CONUS Precipitation [mm/d]
 - [-] CPC Global Precipitation [mm/d]
 - Global Precipitation [mm/d]
 - Station Density
- [-] Satellite Rainfall (SFRE) and Actual Evaporat
 - ✗ CHIRPS [mm/d]
 - FEWSNET Rainfall [mm/d]
 - IMERGE (GPM) Daily Rainfall [mm/d]
 - GSMaP Daily Rainfall [mm/d]
 - LSA SAF Actual Evaporation [mm/d]
- [-] ECMWF-CF
 - Precipitation [mm/d]
 - Temperature [oC]
 - Evaporation [mm/d]
- [-] GFS
 - Precipitation [mm/d]
 - Temperature [oC]
 - Evaporation [mm/d]
- [-] W3RA-GFS
 - River discharge [m3/s]
 - Soil moisture layer 1 [mm]
 - Soil moisture layer 2 [mm]
 - SWE [mm]
- [-] PCRGLOB-GFS
 - River discharge [m3/s]
- [-] W3RA-ECMWF-CF
 - River discharge [m3/s]
 - Soil moisture layer 1 [mm]
 - Soil moisture layer 2 [mm]
 - SWE [mm]
- [-] PCRGLOB-ECMWF-CF
 - River discharge [m3/s]



W3RA_Historical_GFS: Run W3RA Historical ... 14-01-2016 00:00:00 GMT Current ; W3RA_GFS_12z: Run W3RA GFS 12z bas... 14-01-2016 12:00:00 GMT Current

Map Plots Grid Display Grid Display 1

Logs



13-01-2016 09:29:02 INFO - ***** Workflow W3RA_routing_DA_05_Historical_ECMWF Completed *****

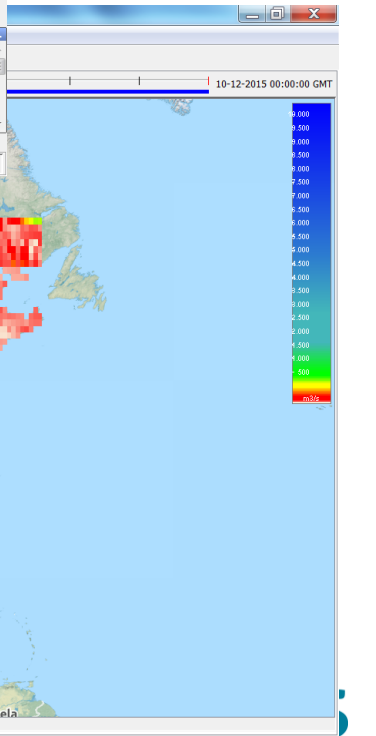
13-01-2016 09:29:02 INFO - Start time: 2016-01-13 09:27:41 End time: 2016-01-13 09:29:02 To: 2015-12-13 00:00:00 User Id: Albrecht Weerts

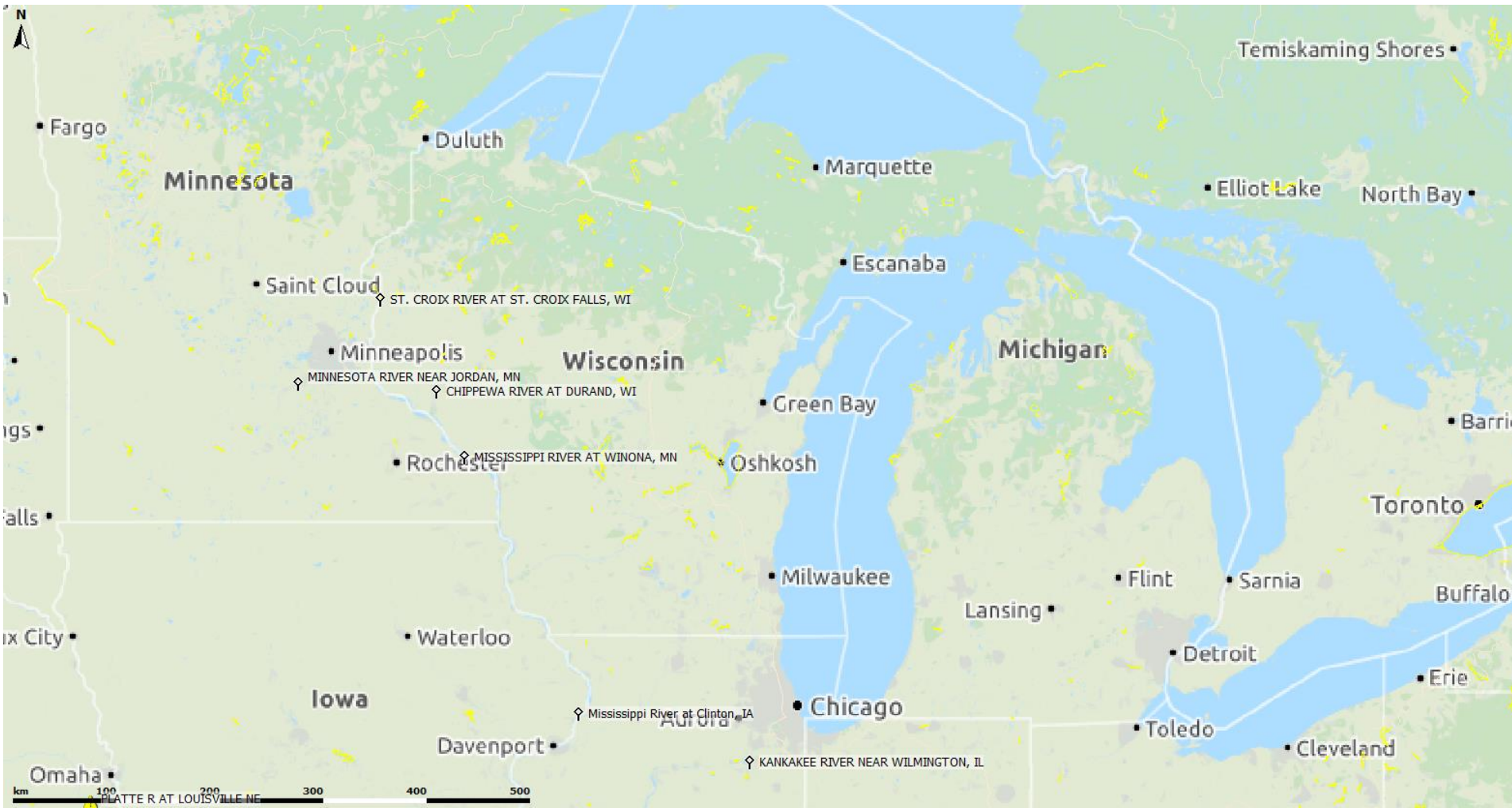
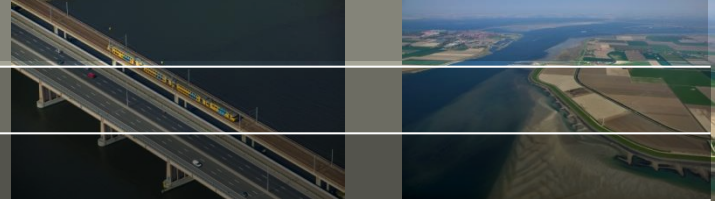
13-01-2016 09:29:02 INFO - TaskRun.Completed: Task W3RA_routing_DA_05_Historical_ECMWF with ID 27_2 completed in 1m 20s

13-01-2016 09:29:02 INFO - TaskRun.TimeSpendGeneralAdapter (without executables) 20s 24% TransformationModule 3s 4% D:\2015.02\GLOFFIS_SAI\Modules\penda_bin\run_enk_oda_w3ra_routing_threads.bat 42s 52% D:\2015.02\GLOFFIS_SAI\Modules\penda_bin\run_enk_oda_w3ra_routing_single.bat 15s 19% datastore 2s 2% cache files 0 B database 0s 0% (49 mlsquery) 3.4 MB, 4.6 KB/s, 15 queries, 446 rows) rloaded 0 B time series read 161 (unique=104) time series written 21346 (change=21136) files 13s 17% logging 0s 0% gc 0s 0% cpu 25% max mem: 309 MB index mem: 18 MB db con: acquire time 0s 0% lock: acquire time 0s 0%

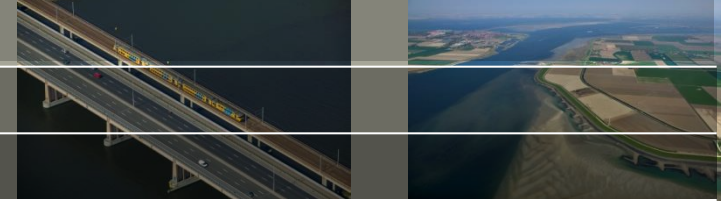
13-01-2016 09:29:02 INFO - DataStore.NewCurrentRun: Task: run W3RA_routing_DA_05_Historical_ECMWF (T0=2015-12-13 00:00, Dispatch=2016-01-13 09:27, Id=27_2) is made current automatically

Albrecht Weerts Current system time: 13-12-2015 00:00 GMT 09:29:33 GMT 10:29:33 CET Stand alone -75,132, 30,462 0,0 MB/s 318 MB

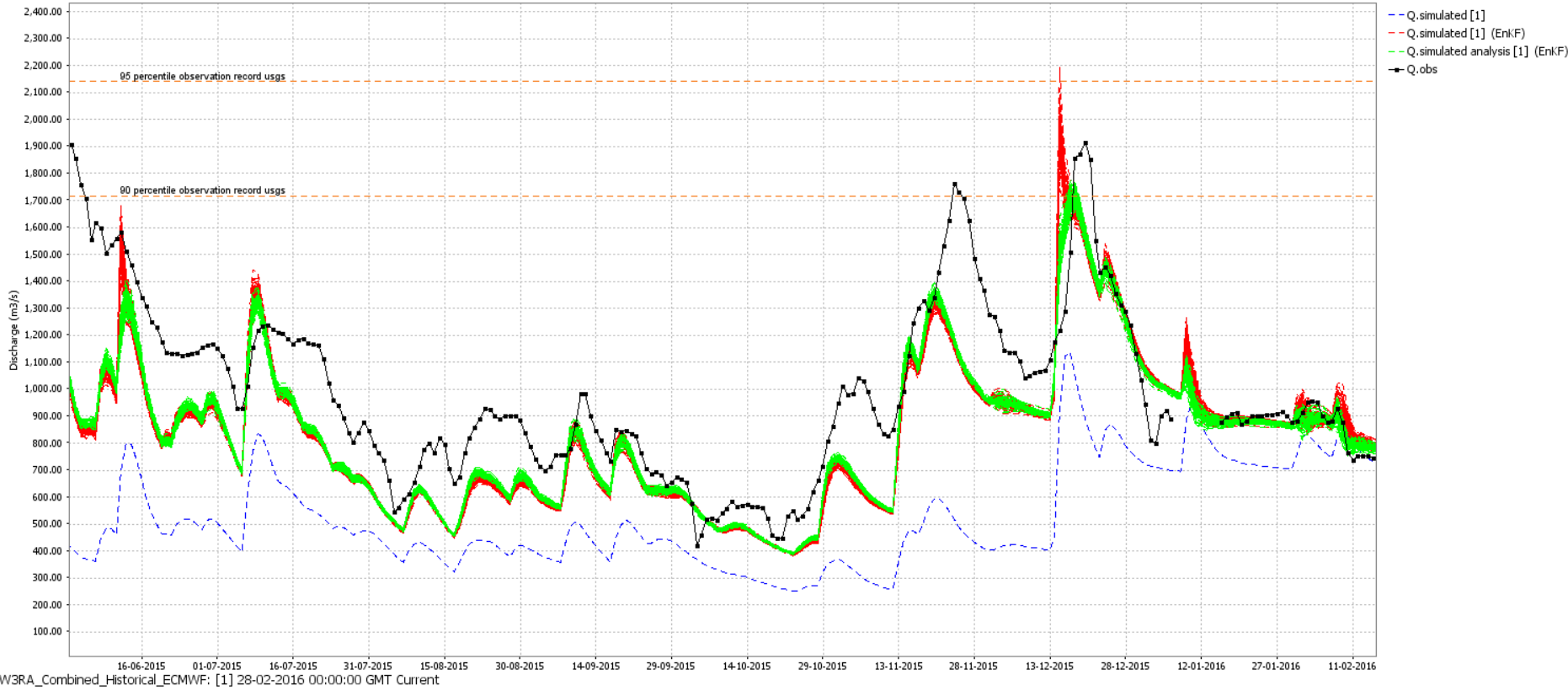




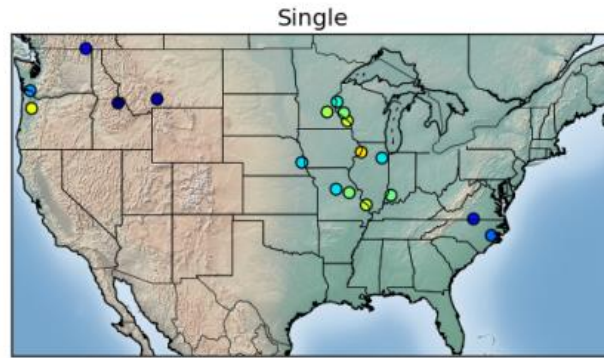
Winona, Mississippi



MISSISSIPPI RIVER AT WINONA, MN



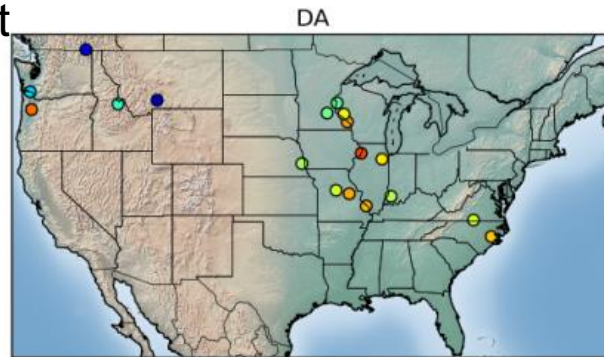
wflow_w3ra
wflow_routing
online/timestep
based coupled



ECMWF control forecast
1 day ahead as forcing

Noise on precip. &
temp.

DEnKF

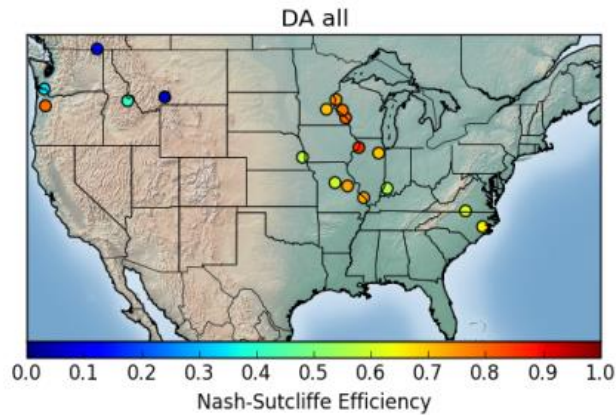


Localization
(autozhang)

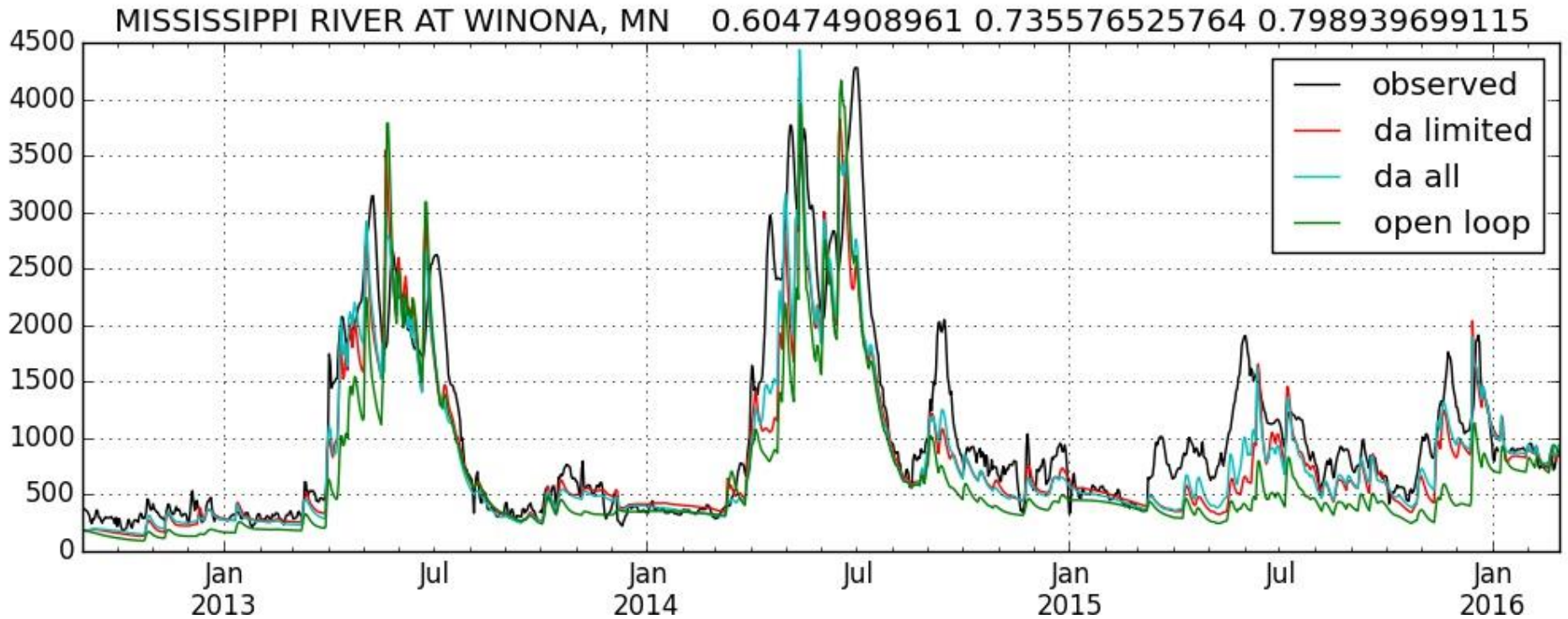
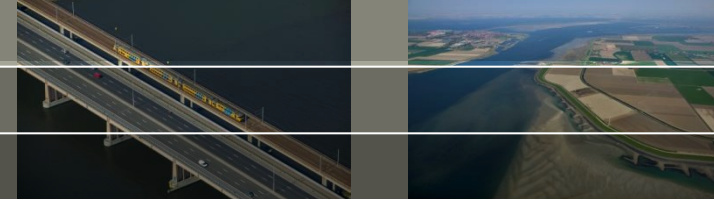
64 ens. members

SWE not updated

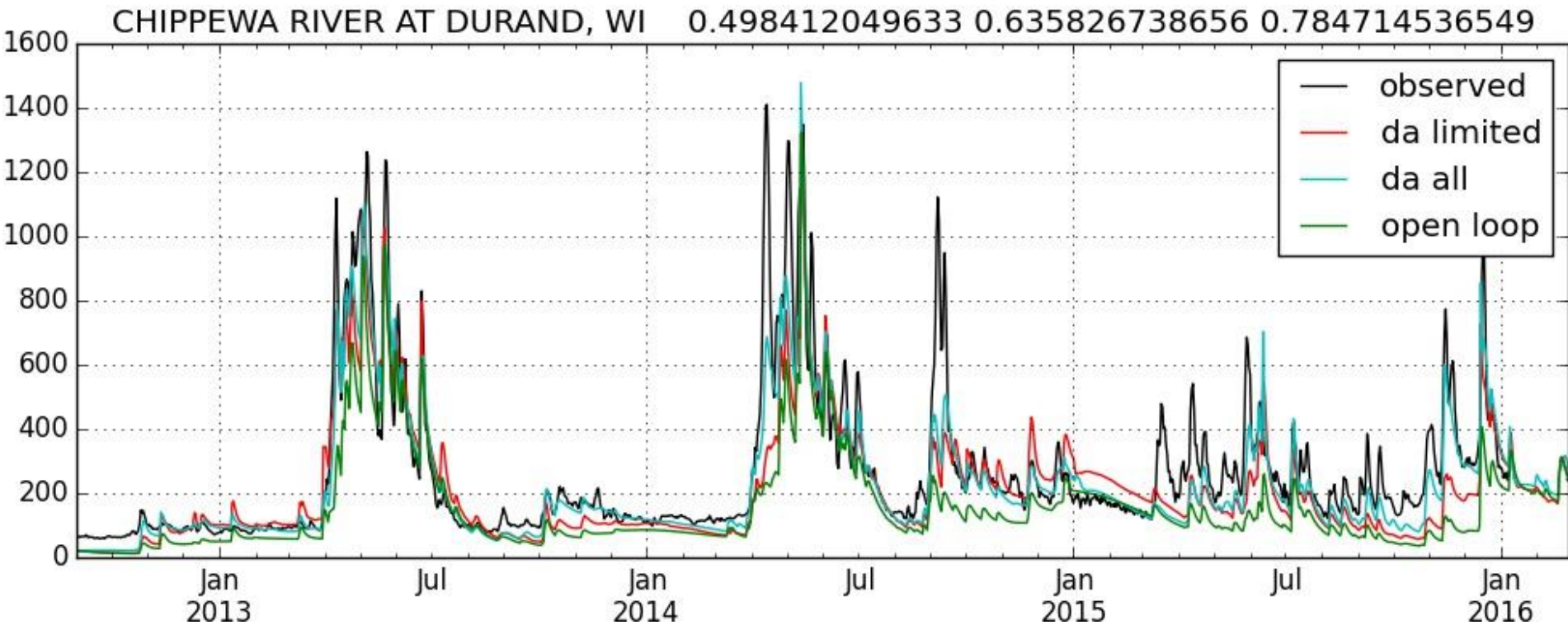
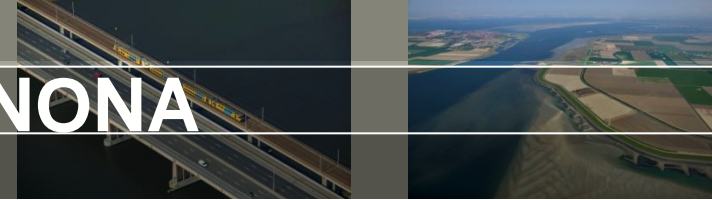
reservoirs not modelled



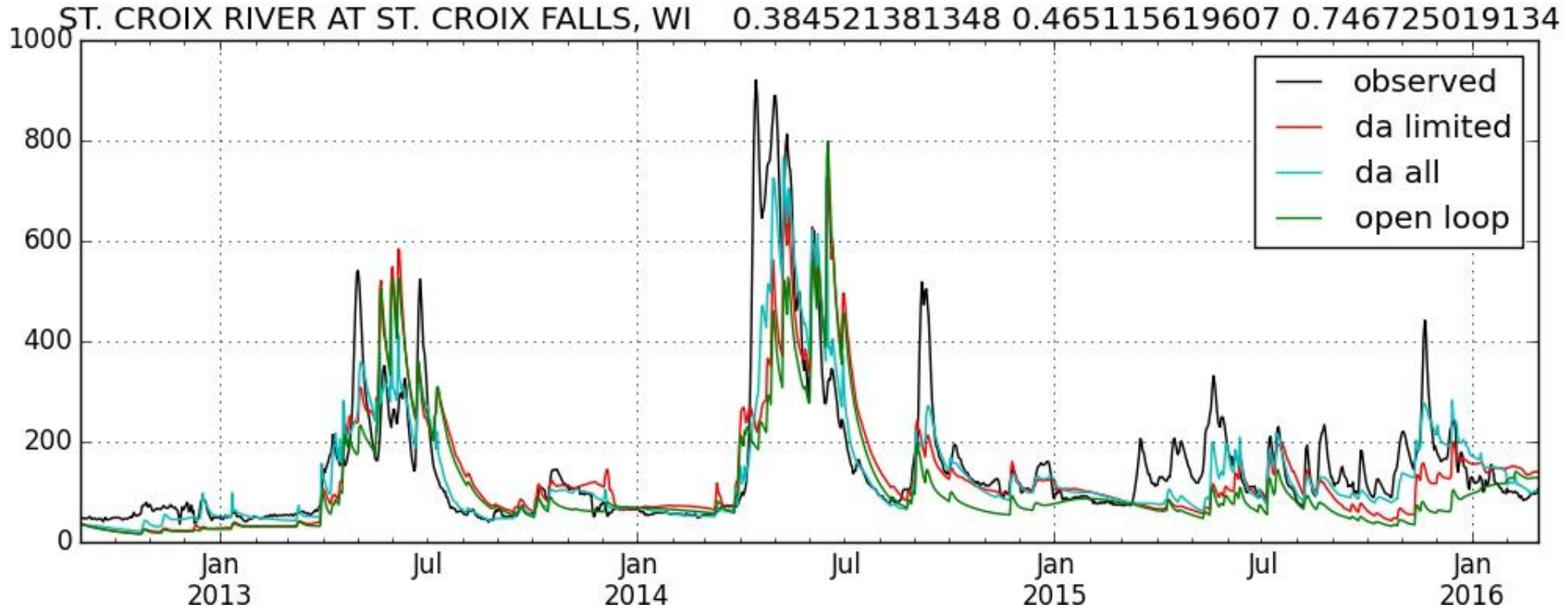
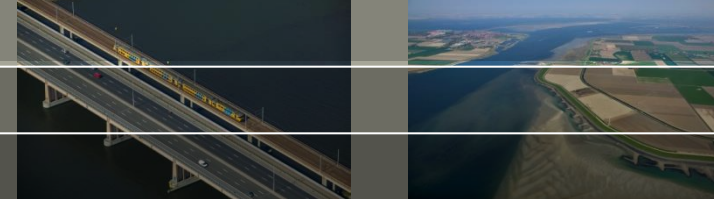
Winona, Mississippi



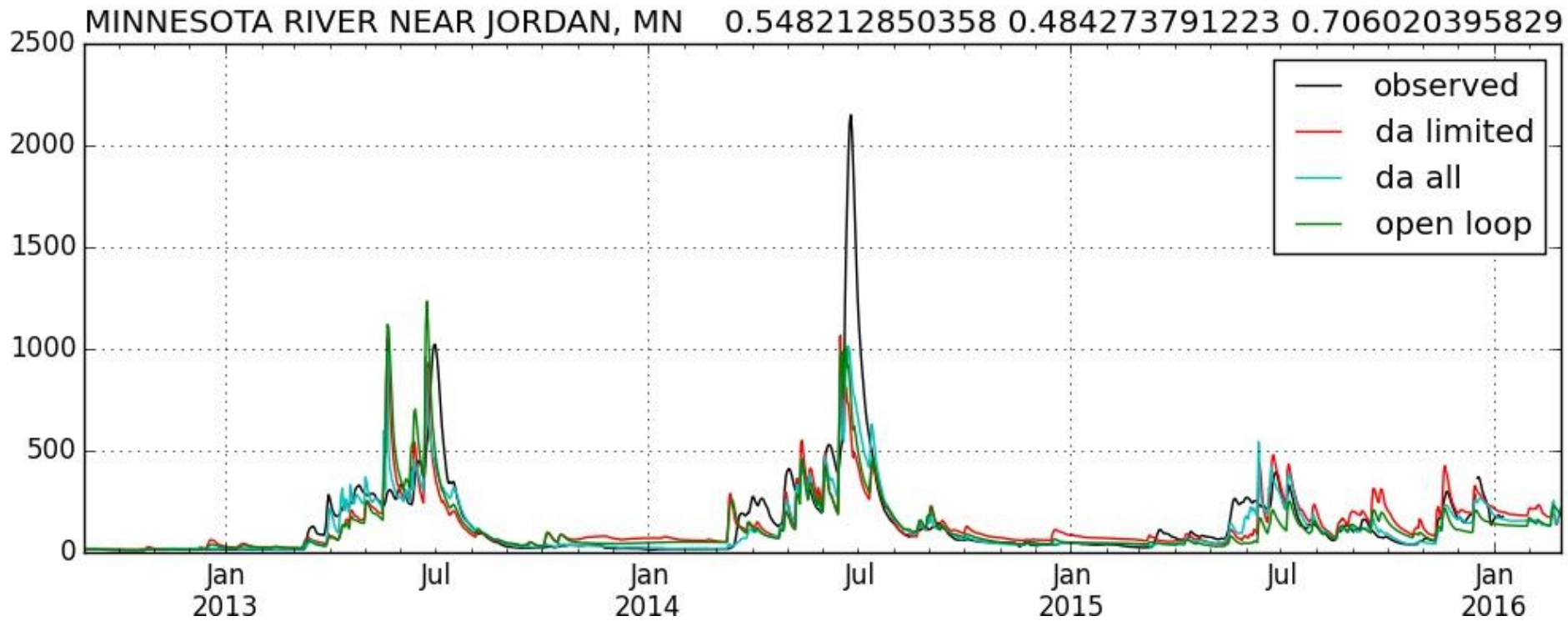
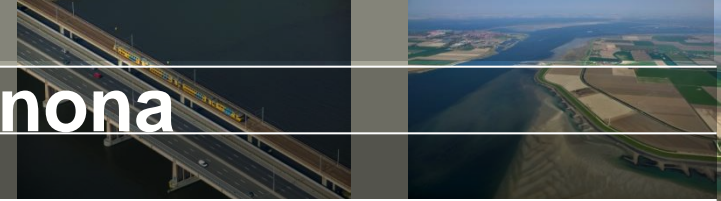
Chippewa river, Upstream WINONA



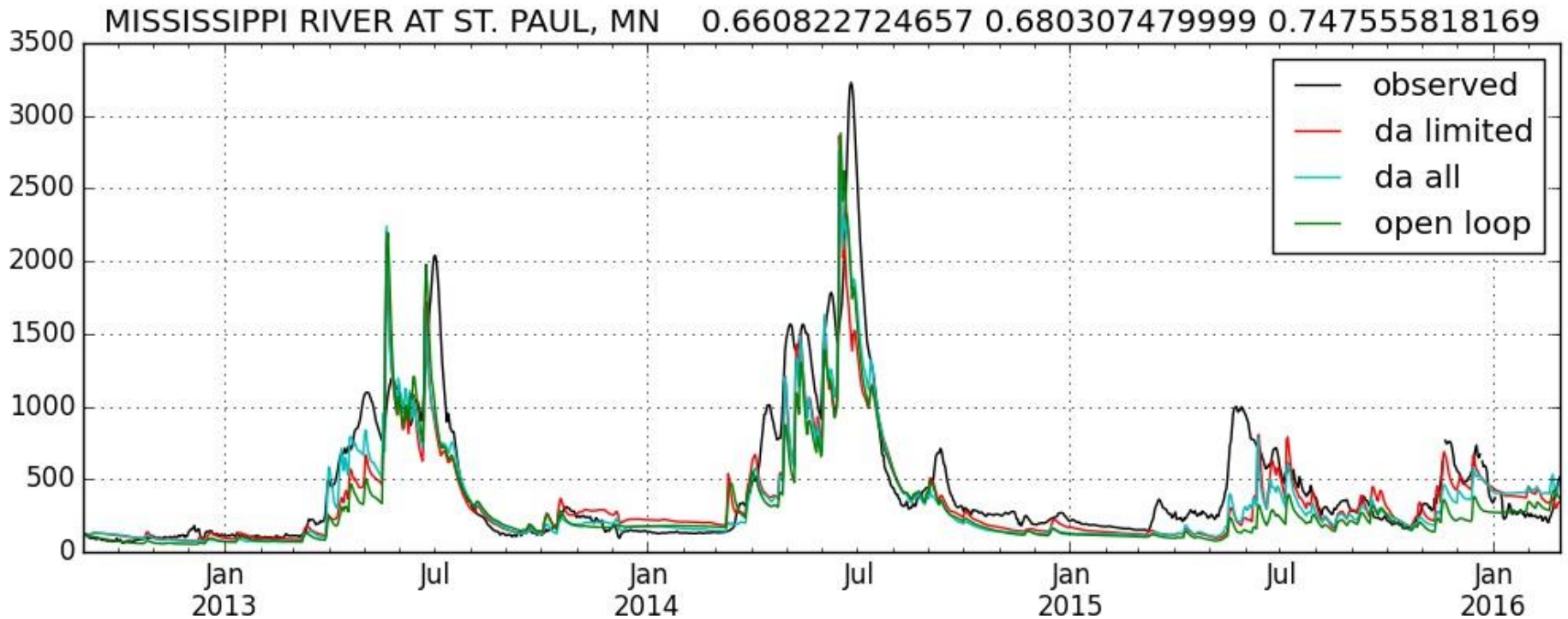
St Croix upstream Winona



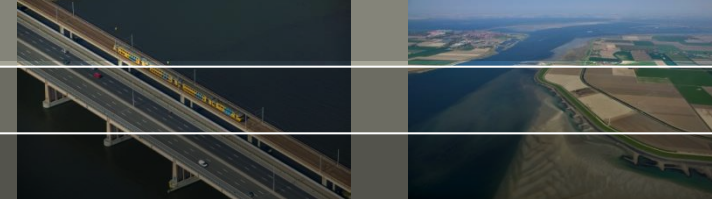
Minnesota river, Upstream Winona



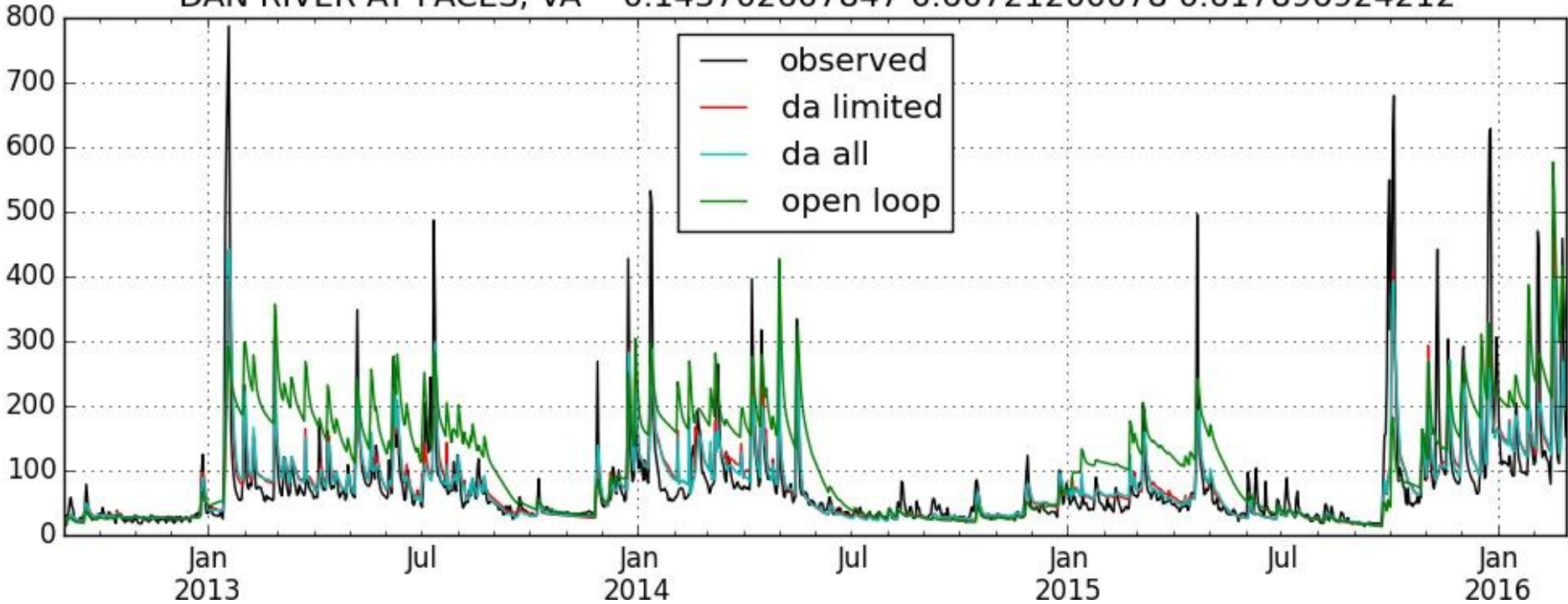
St Paul, Mississippi upstream Winona and tributaries



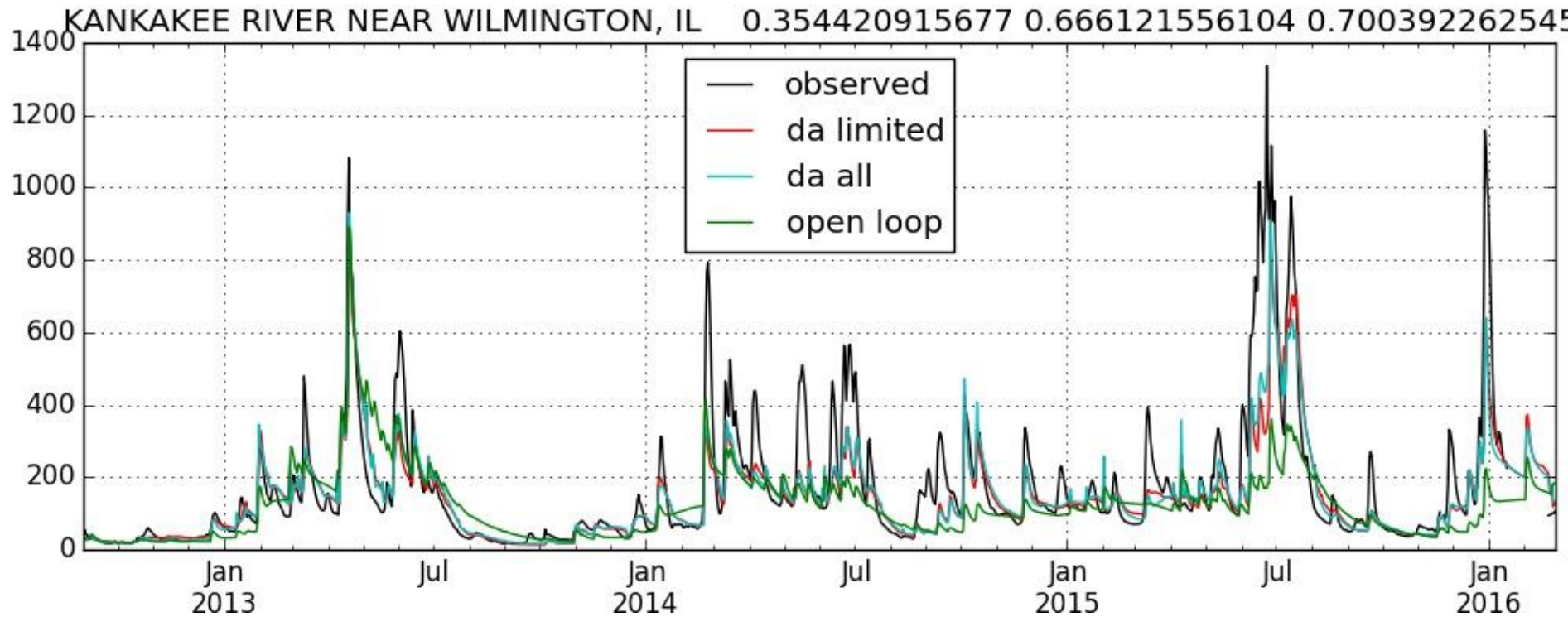
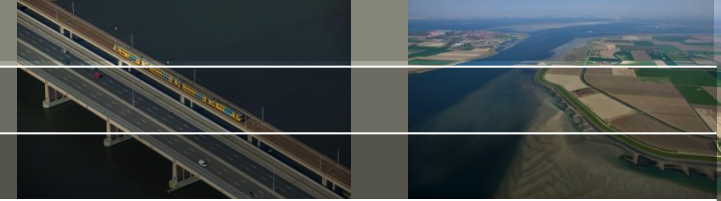
Dan River



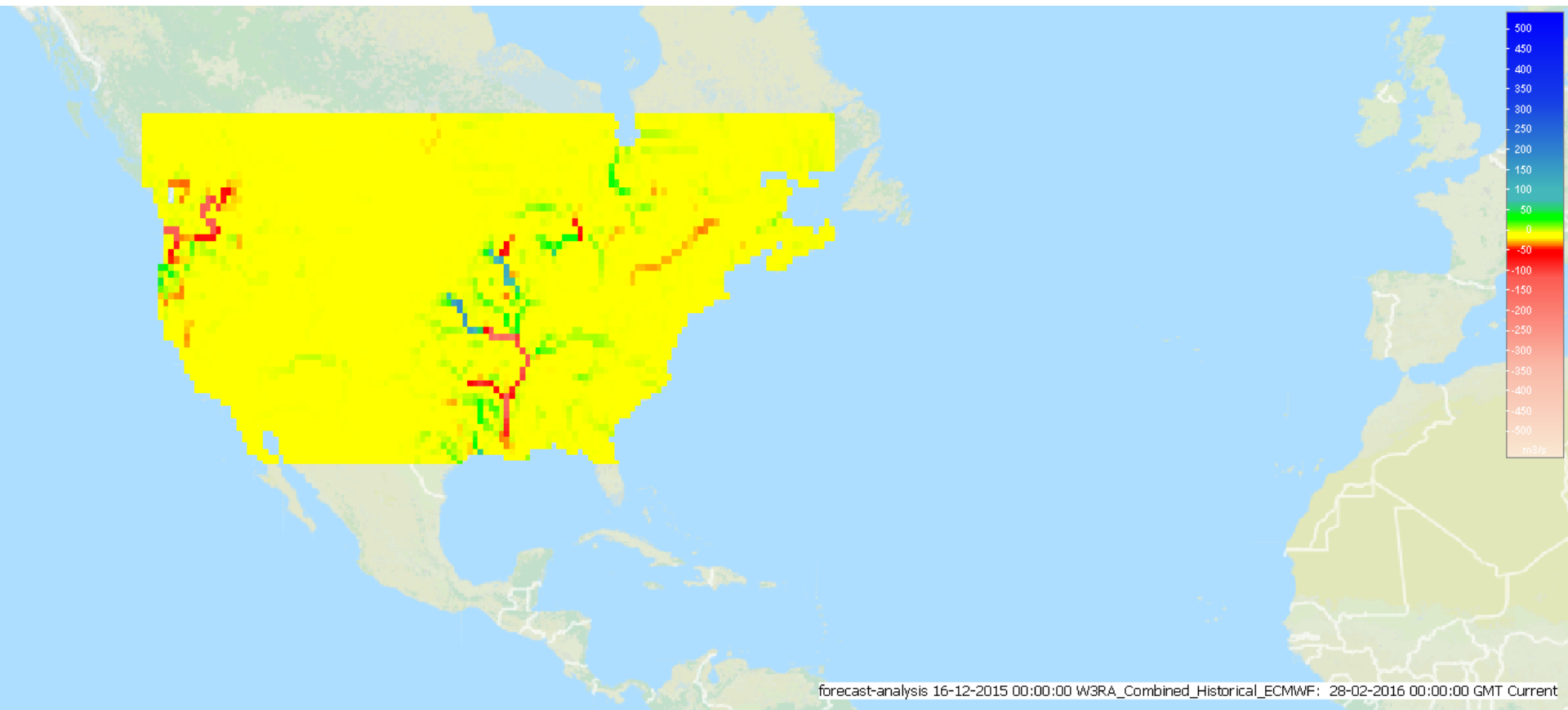
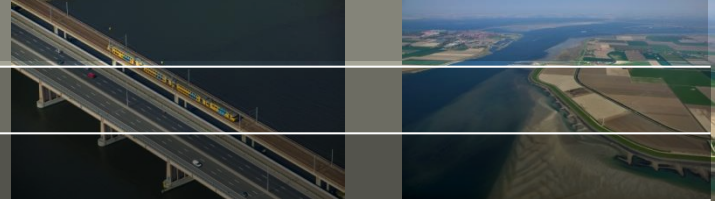
DAN RIVER AT PACES, VA 0.143702607847 0.60721200078 0.617896924212



KANKAKEE

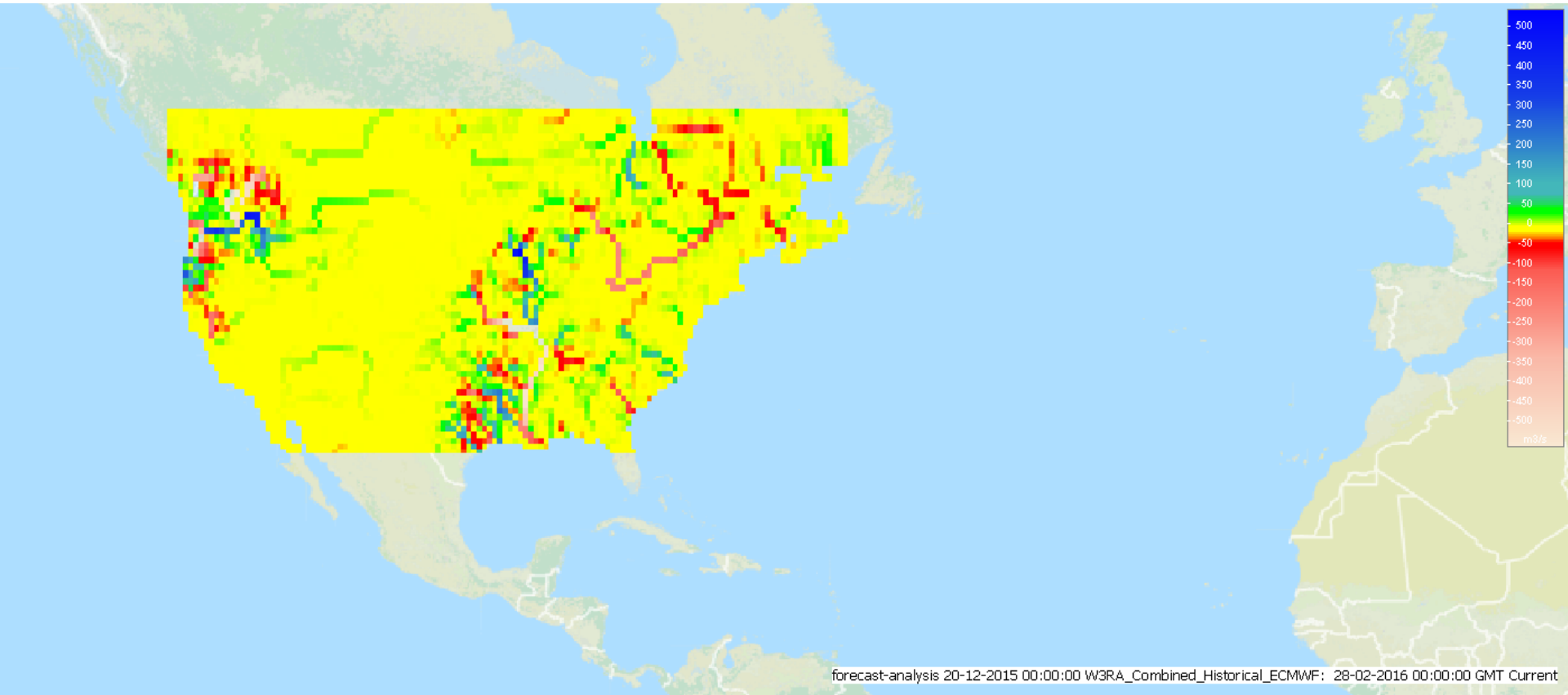


forecast-analysis

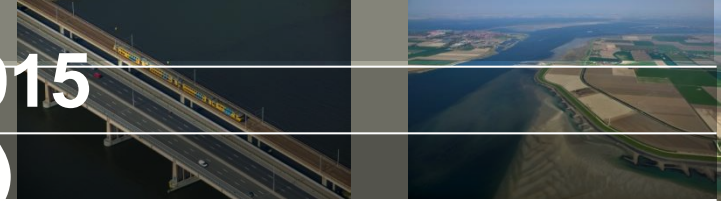


forecast-analysis 16-12-2015 00:00:00 W3RA_Combined_Historical_ECMWF: 28-02-2016 00:00:00 GMT Current

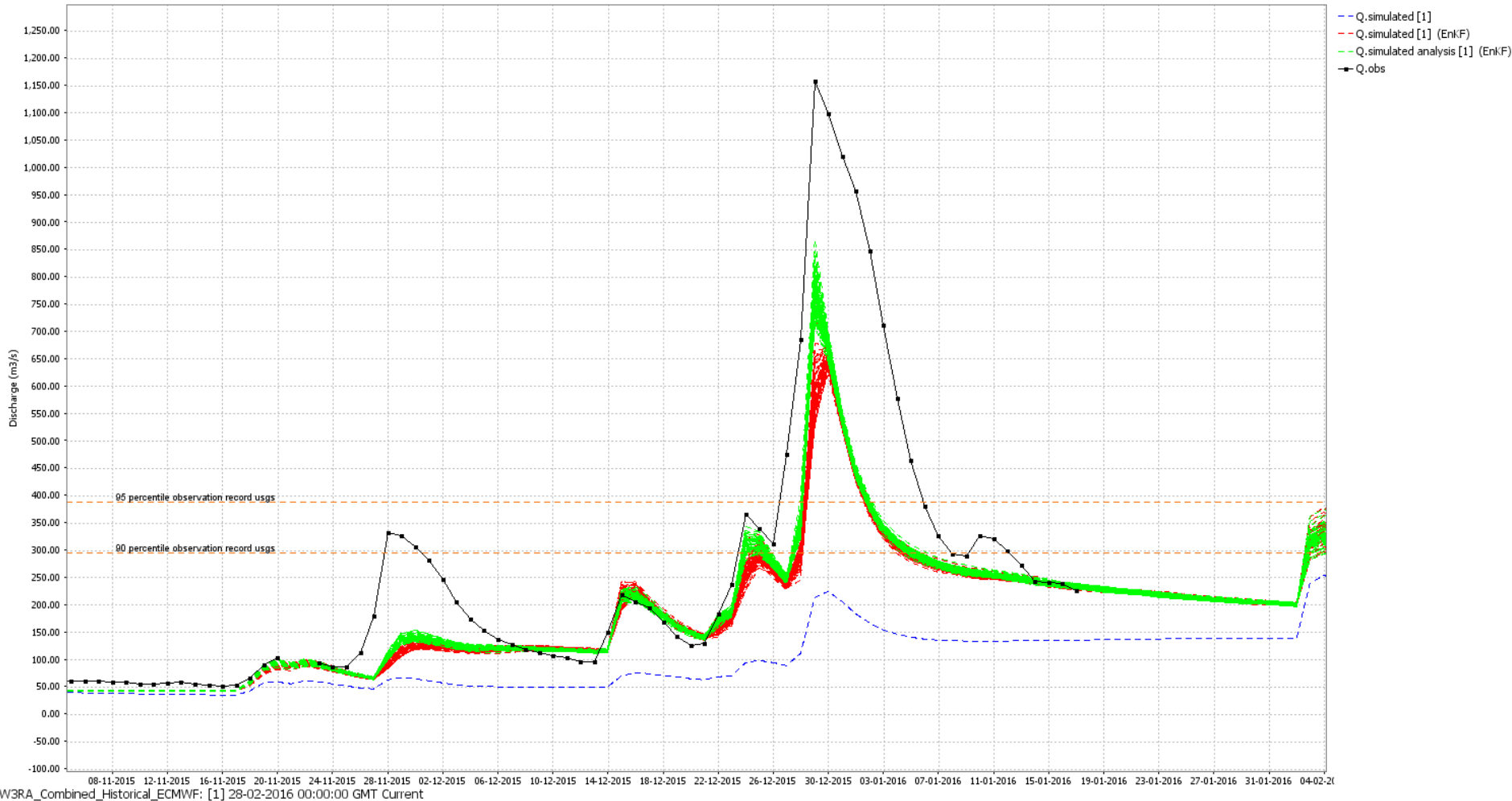
forecast-analysis (summed over 10 days)



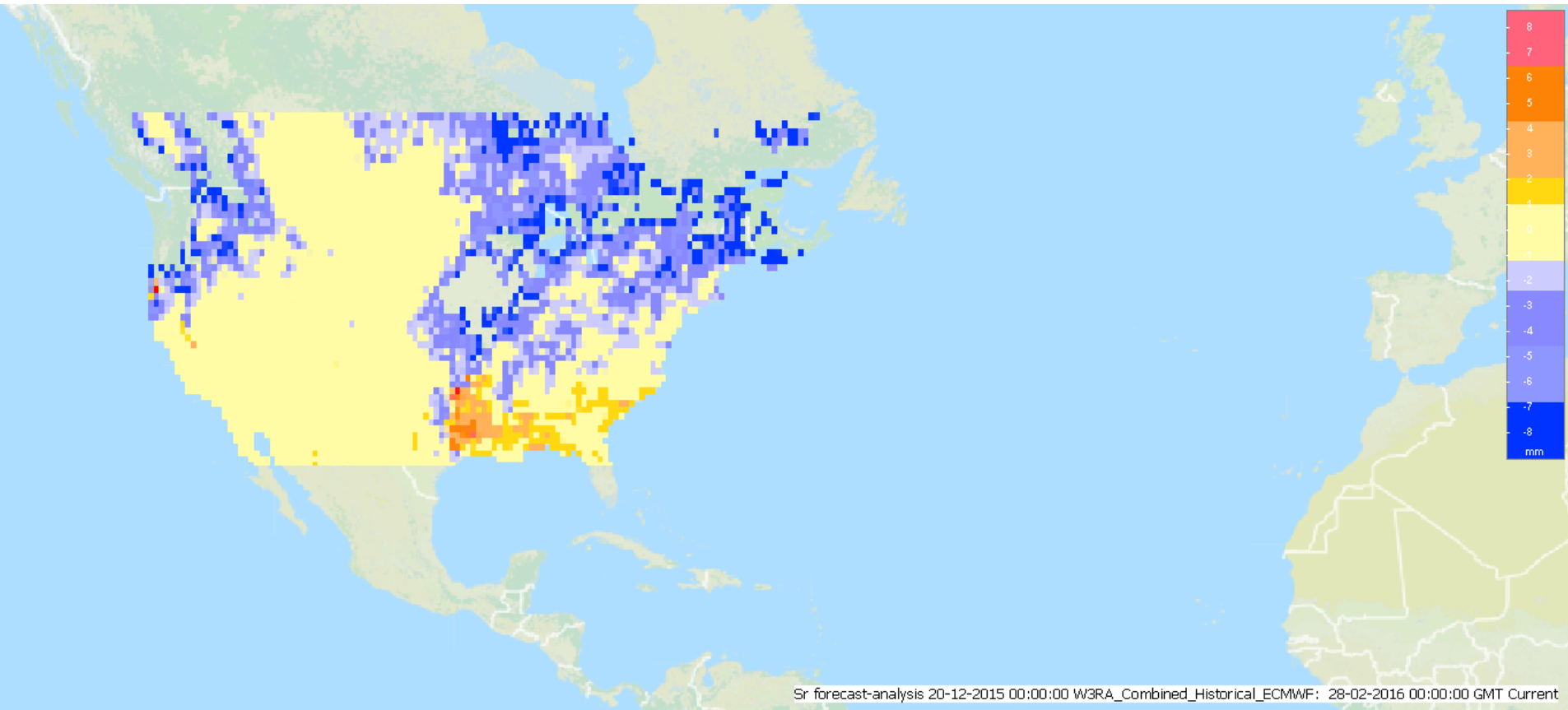
Major flood peak December 2015 (and subsequent state update)



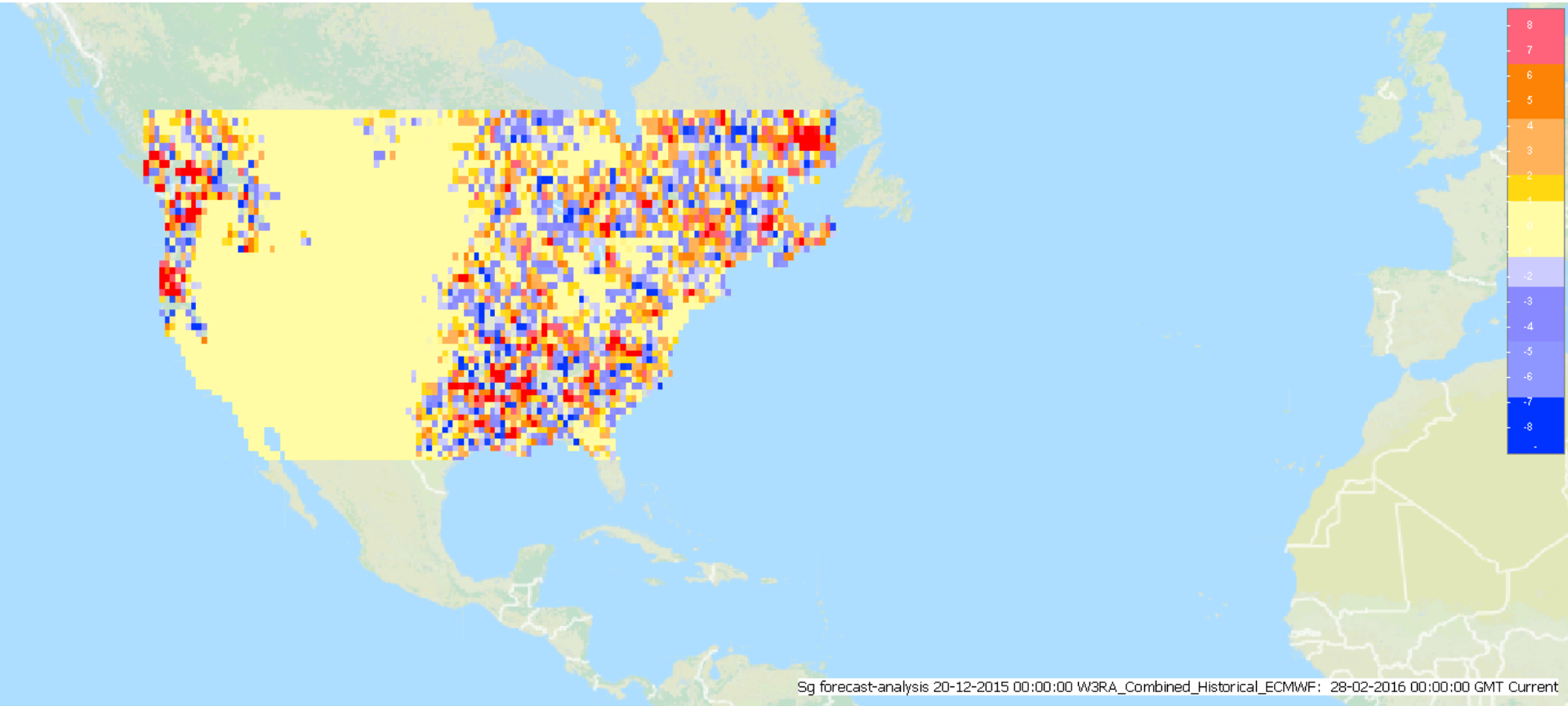
KANKAKEE RIVER NEAR WILMINGTON, IL



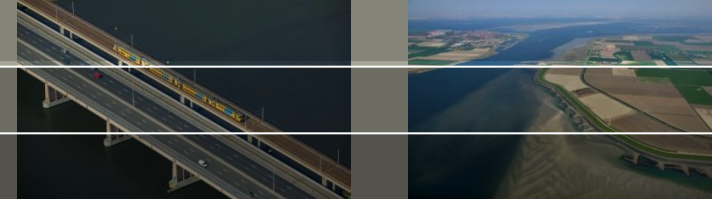
forecast-analysis (Sr=surface runoff store)



forecast-analysis (S_g = groundwater store)



Conclusions



- OpenDA-OpenStreams/wflow is a power full (open source) tool for hydrological modelling, forecasting and DA
- Simultaneous streamflow DA is possible also over multiple catchments and at continental scale
- Localization is needed to avoid spurious correlations
- Without using measured forcing results show improved prediction of streamflows (correcting errors in both forcing and model)
- Inclusion of reservoirs in model will further improve results and add new possibilities for updating (water level reservoirs)
- For this case snow measurements may be needed to constrain build up of unrealistic snow packs

- AEnKF to be tested
- Model to be upgraded to 0.05 degree