



CONTRIBUTION OF ENSEMBLE FORECASTING APPROACHES TO FLASH FLOOD NOWCASTING AT GAUGED AND UNGAUGED CATCHMENTS

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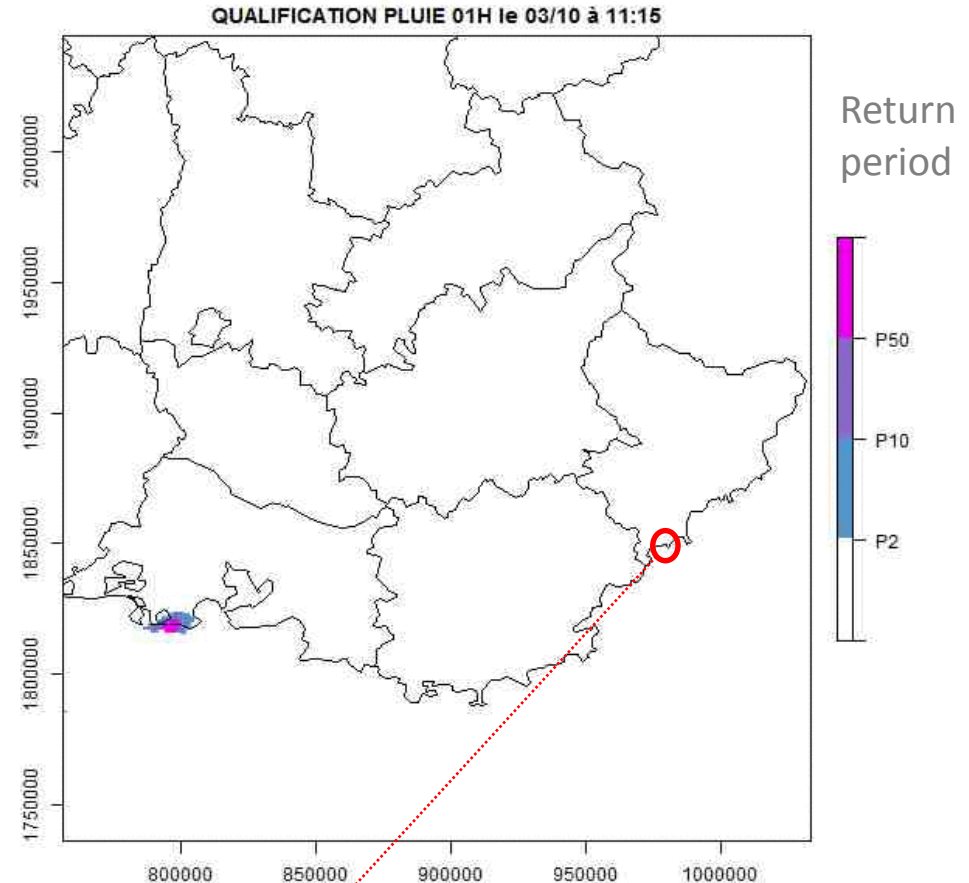


Flash floods

Octobre 2015



Côte d'Azur : inondations meurtrières

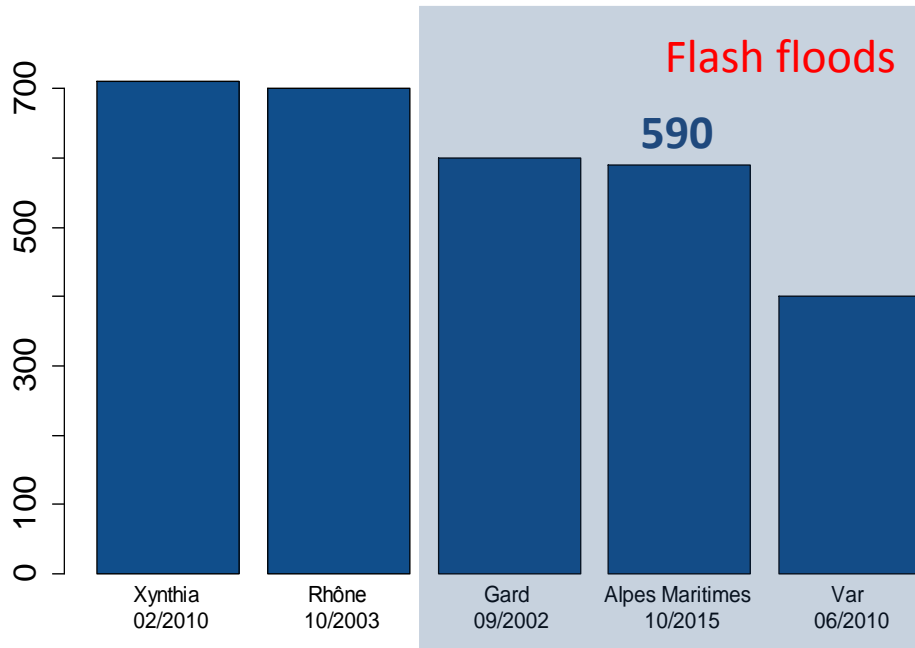


Cannes: 180 mm
(107 mm in 1 h, 8pm-9pm)

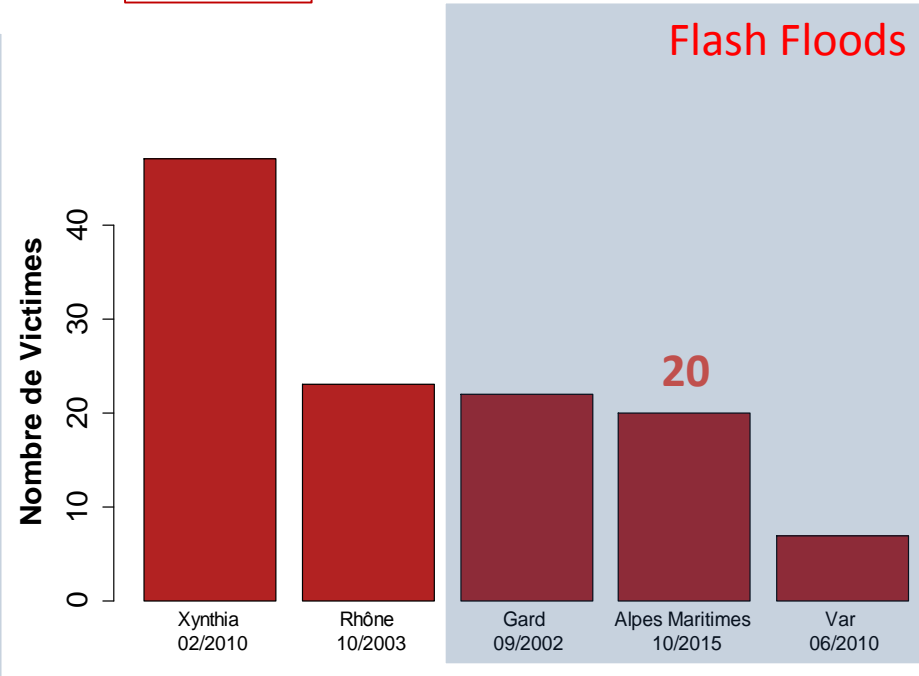


High-impact events

Cost M€



Victims



Most important flood events since 1989

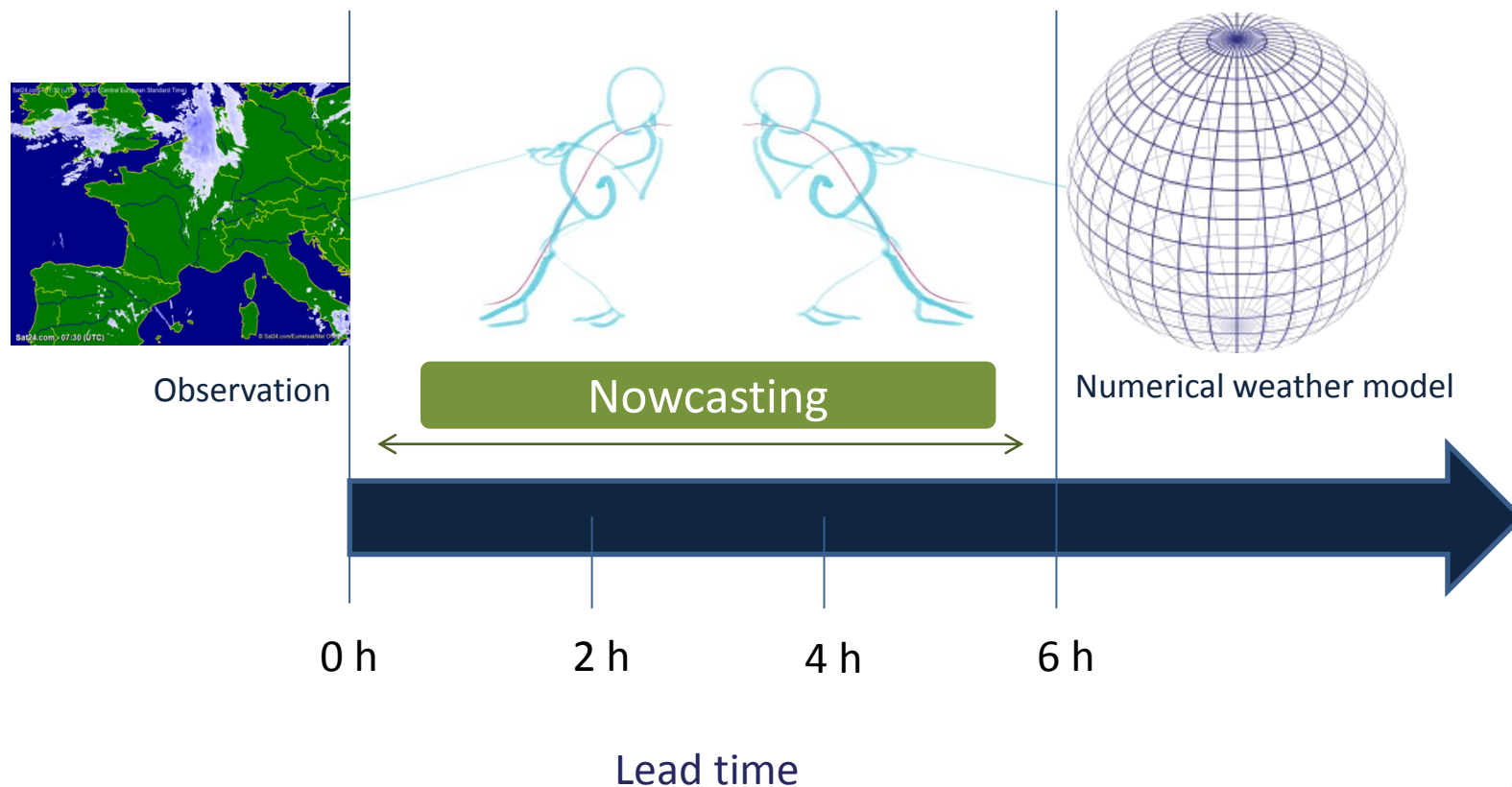
Caseri (2017)

2018 HEPEX Workshop, 6-8 February 2018, Melbourne, Australia



Nowcasting

Provide early warnings with sufficient lead time: forecast the location, magnitude, onset, end of events



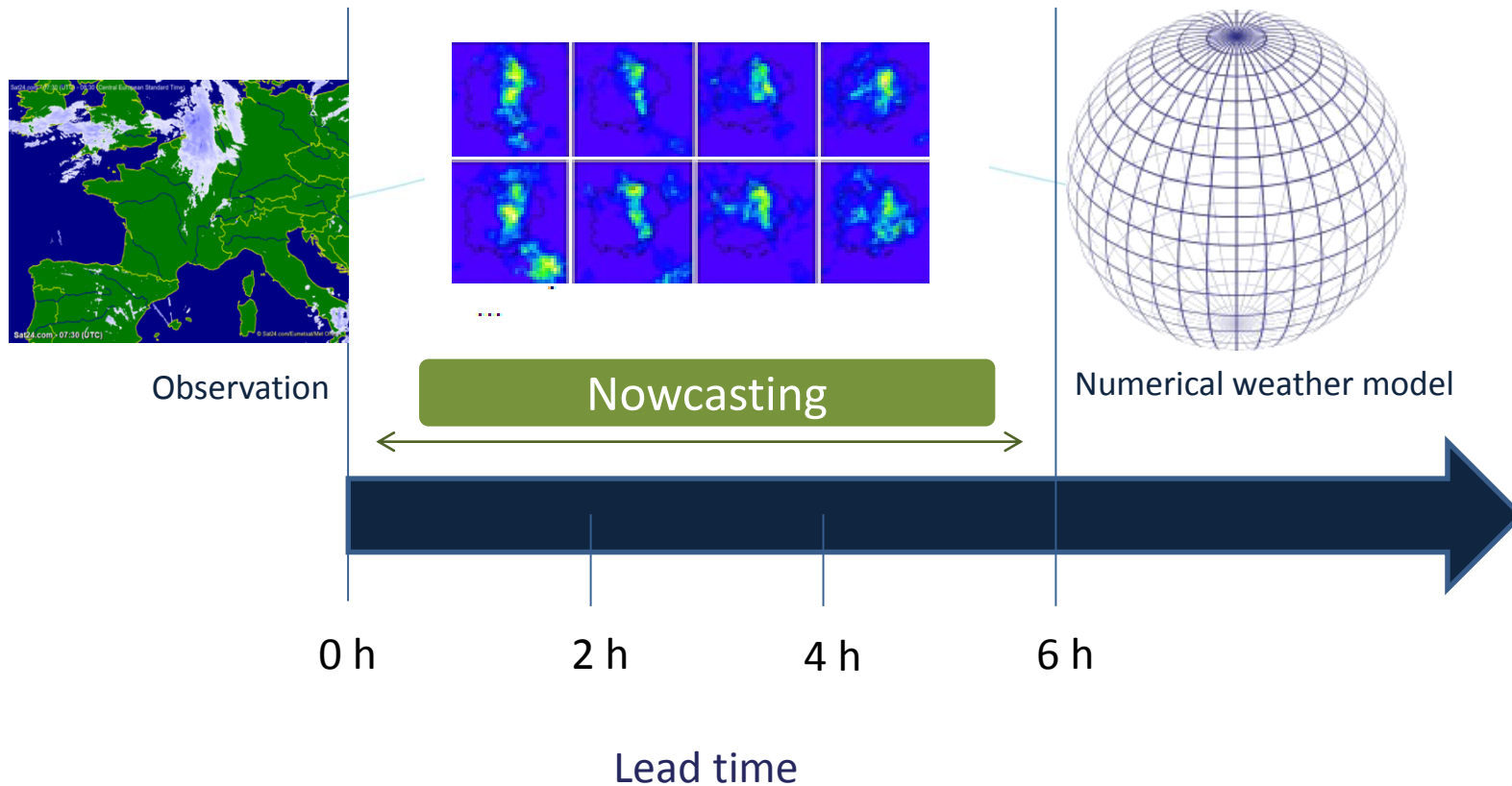
Casari (2017)

2018 HEPEX Workshop, 6-8 February 2018, Melbourne, Australia



Nowcasting + ensemble approach

Provide early warnings with sufficient lead time: forecast the location, magnitude, onset, end of events



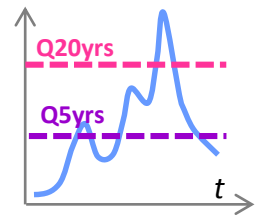
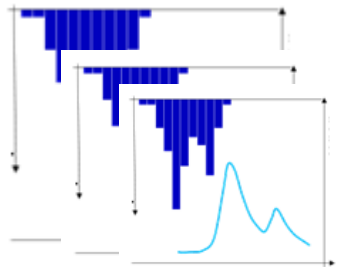
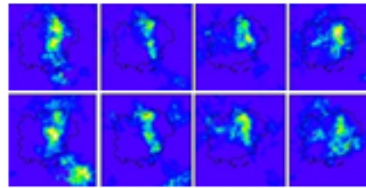
Casari (2017)

2018 HEPEX Workshop, 6-8 February 2018, Melbourne, Australia

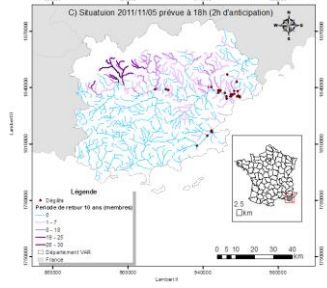


Ensemble nowcasting

Pre- / Post processing



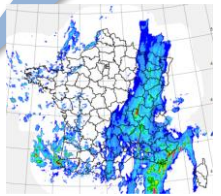
Verification



Real-time alert



Rainfall and hydrologic real-time data



Rainfall uncertainty quantification (space, time, intensity)

Rainfall-runoff transformation

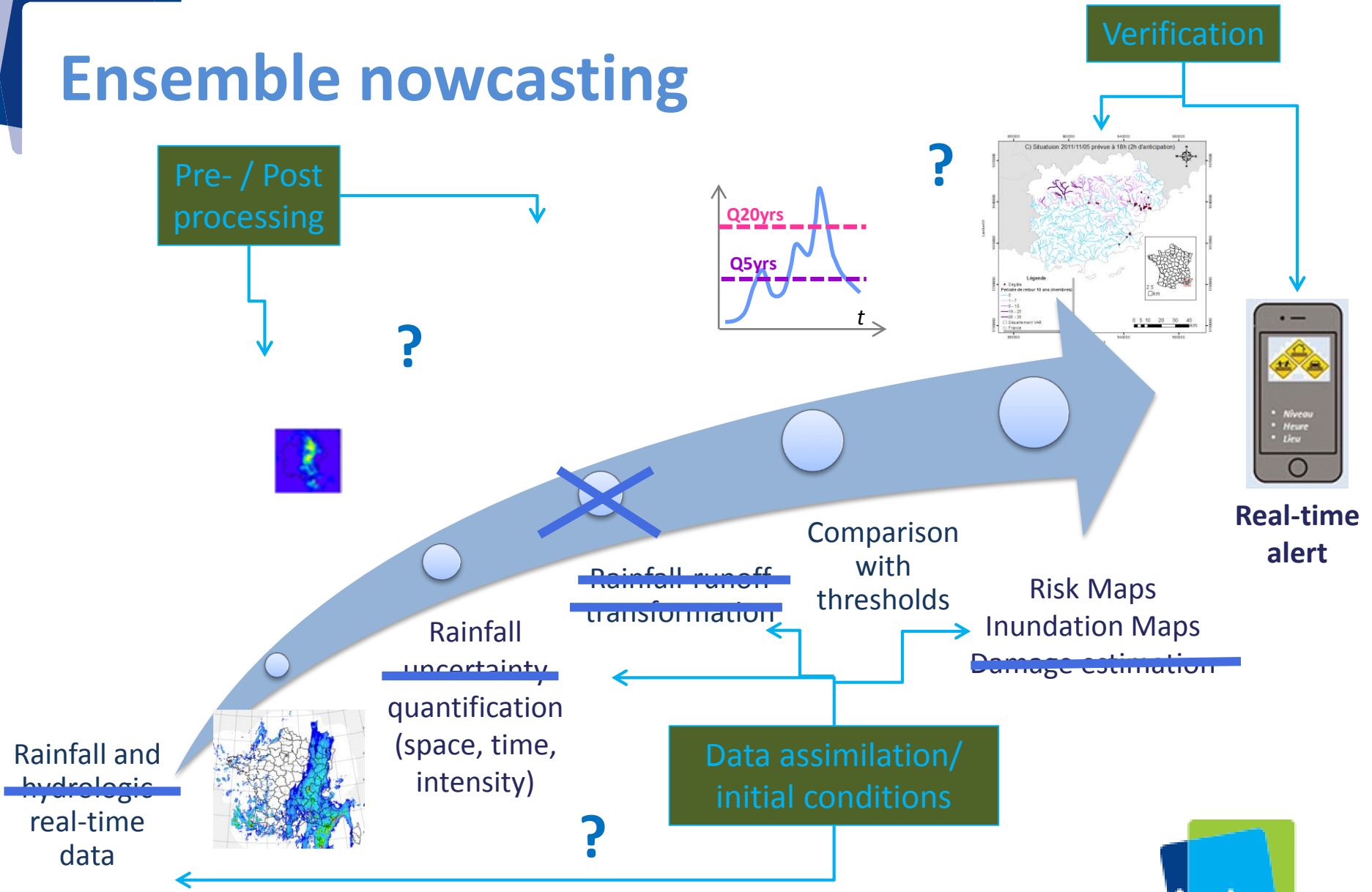
Comparison with thresholds

Data assimilation/initial conditions

Risk Maps
Inundation Maps
Damage estimation



Ensemble nowcasting



[Ensemble] nowcasting: approaches



www.csiro.au

A review of methods and systems available for flash flood forecasting

H. A. Prasantha Hapuarachchi and G. ...

July 2008

Report for the Bureau of Meteorology, Australia

A water information R & D alliance between the
and CSIRO's Water for a Healthy Country Flag



4.4. Summary

In this section, the different methods for flash flood forecasting have been discussed. Only the rainfall induced flash floods are considered in detail due to their frequent nature. A summary of methods available for flash flood forecasting and their advantages and

No research has been conducted to compare the performance of different flash flood forecasting methods

spatial scales, and objectives of the application (e.g. required output, forecast variables such as river flow, rainfall, and inundation).

[Ensemble] nowcasting: approaches

- Methodologies and data:

- ❑ Relation between **rainfall thresholds** or accumulations and **flooding**
- ❑ Identification, **tracking**, and nowcasting of storms through the most recent storm images
- ❑ '**Geometric approaches**': statistical features of storms (birth, growth and decay, etc.) extracted from past events
- ❑ High resolution, limited area **NWP models**, based on convection-parameterized or convection permitting models (within a poor man's ensemble, a time-lagged, or an error dressing approach)
- ❑ '**Mixed approaches**' (radar-NWP blending)
 - Radar data (advection), lightning activity (in-cloud and cloud-to-ground) and satellite tracking of MCS (life cycle of convective cells)
 - Representation of the initial soil moisture conditions triggering runoff and hydrodynamic responses

Younis et al. (2008); Norbiato et al. (2008); Kohn et al. (2011); Randrianasolo et al. (2011); Alfieri et al. (2011); Zahraei et al. (2013); Tsun-Hua et al. (2015); Vincendon et al. (2016); Seo et al. (2017); Corazza et al. (2018), etc.



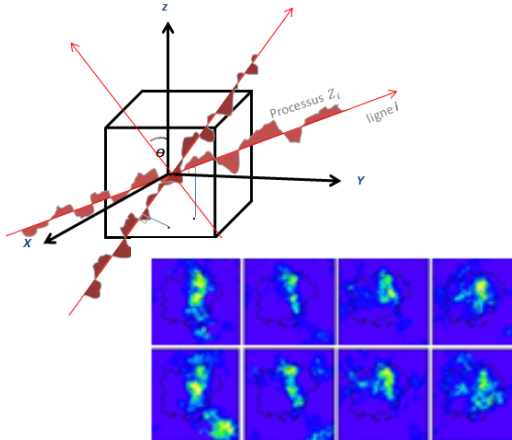
[Ensemble] nowcasting: approaches

- **Most common features:**

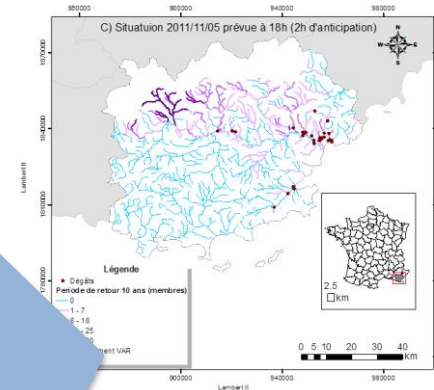
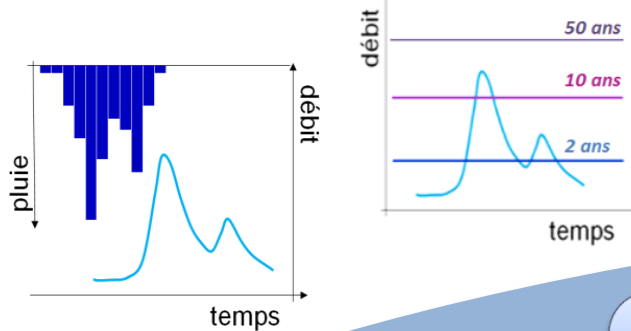
- ❑ Combination of data-based and distributed modeling techniques
- ❑ Focus on ungauged catchments/ spatially distributed information (model parameter transposition) and vulnerable areas (urban)
- ❑ Linking info: flood hazard to vulnerability (population, roads); ‘flood susceptibility scoring procedure’ (Collier and Fox, 2003)
- ❑ Assessment using contingency tables (POD, FAR, CSI, etc. scores, ROC curves), errors in hydrographs patterns (peak time, volume)
- ❑ Effects of sampling problems (event-based evaluations)

Ensemble nowcasting: conditional simulation

SAMPO TBM - PI



AIGA-PI Ensemble



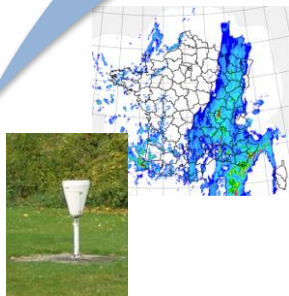
Probability of flooding

Comparison with thresholds

Rainfall-runoff transformation

Rainfall uncertainty quantification (3D geostatistical simulation)

Rainfall real-time data

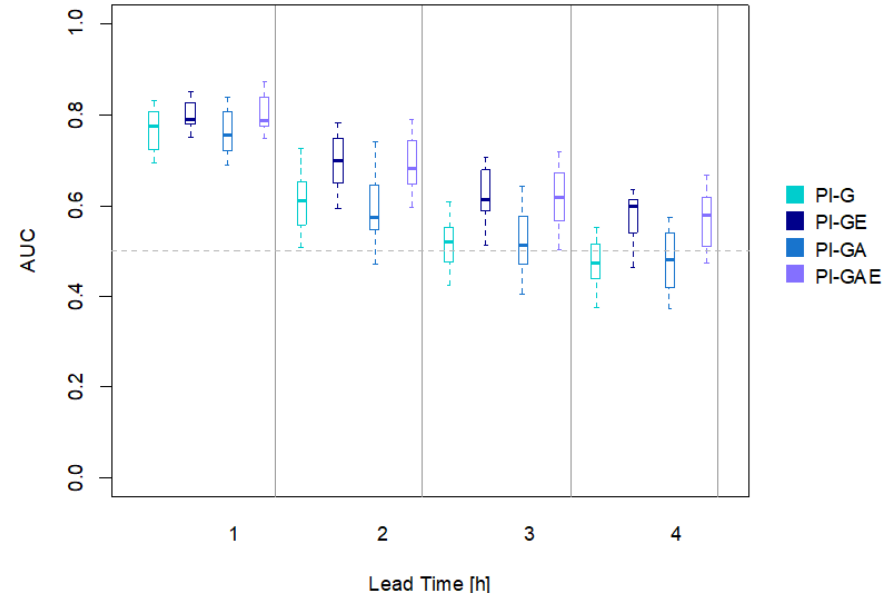
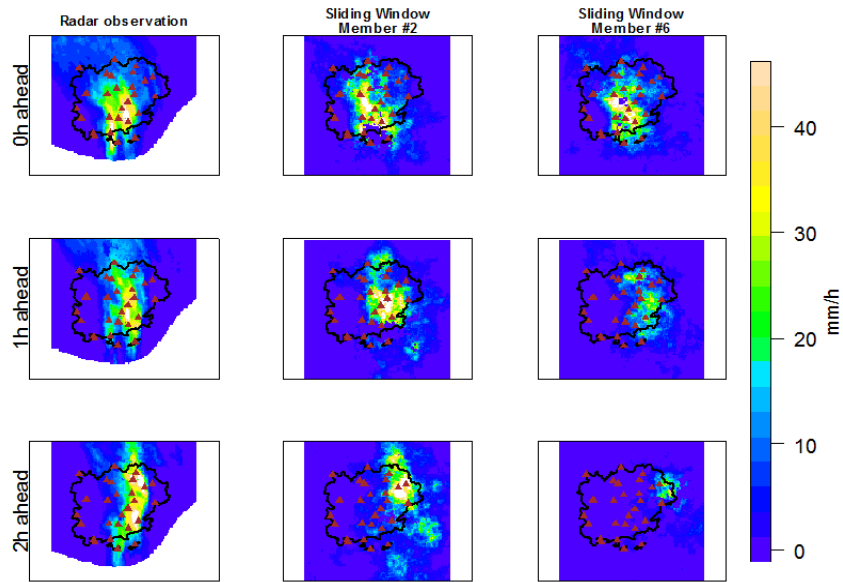


Application:

- Var Department (Med. Area of 6050 km²)
- 17 events
- 472 rainfall hours



Ensemble nowcasting: conditional simulation



LEFT: Hourly precipitation fields (PI-GAE) for three time steps (rows): initialization 15 June 2010 at 10 am, 1 and 2 hours ahead. Weather radar data (1st col.) and two members of the 30-member generated precipitation ensemble

RIGHT: Area under the ROC curve for four tested methods (precipitation forecast)

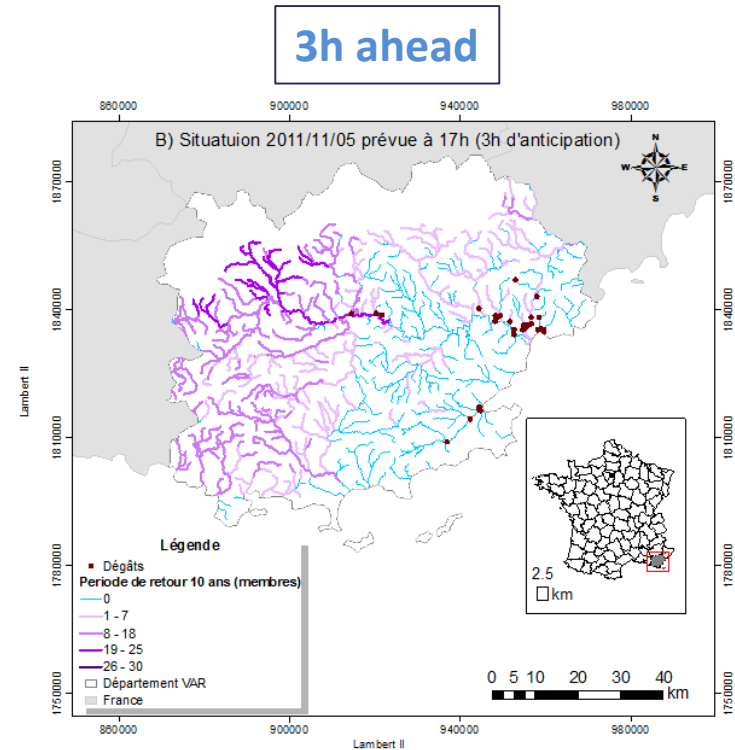
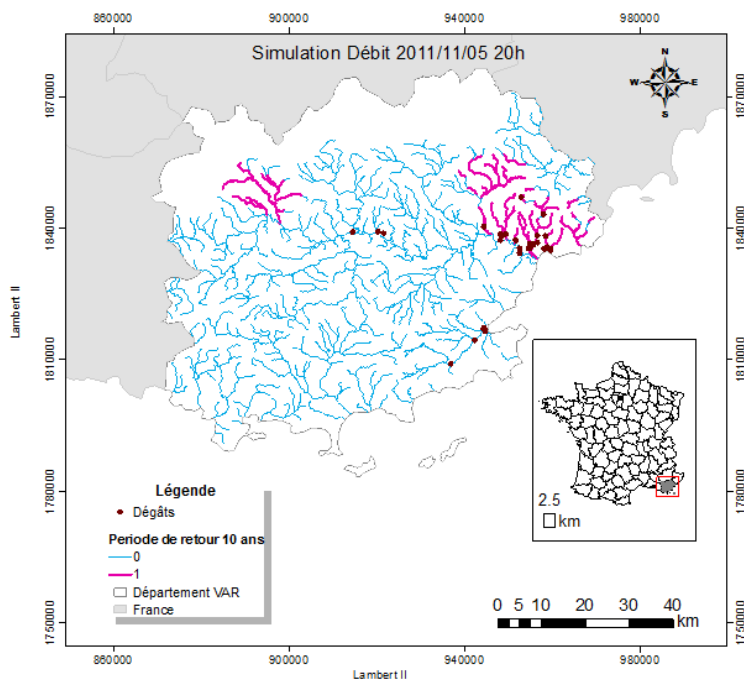
Casari, A., P., Javelle, M.-H., Ramos, E. Leblois, 2016. Generating precipitation ensembles for flood alert and risk management, *Journal of Flood Risk Management*, 9, 4, 402-415,

Casari, A., Ramos, M.-H., Javelle, P., Leblois, E., 2016. A space-time geostatistical approach for ensemble rainfall nowcasting. *Proceed. FLOODrisk 2016 – 3rd European Conference on Flood Risk Management, E3S Web of Conferences*, 7 18001 (2016), 5p.



Ensemble nowcasting: conditional simulation

05/11/2011 8pm (prob $Q > Q_{10}$ year)
Observation (radar as input, damages)

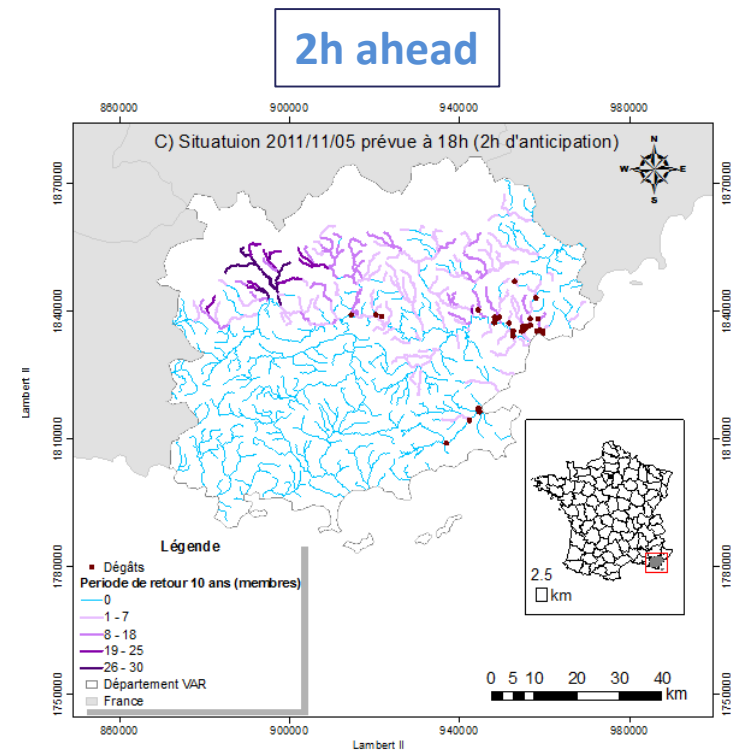
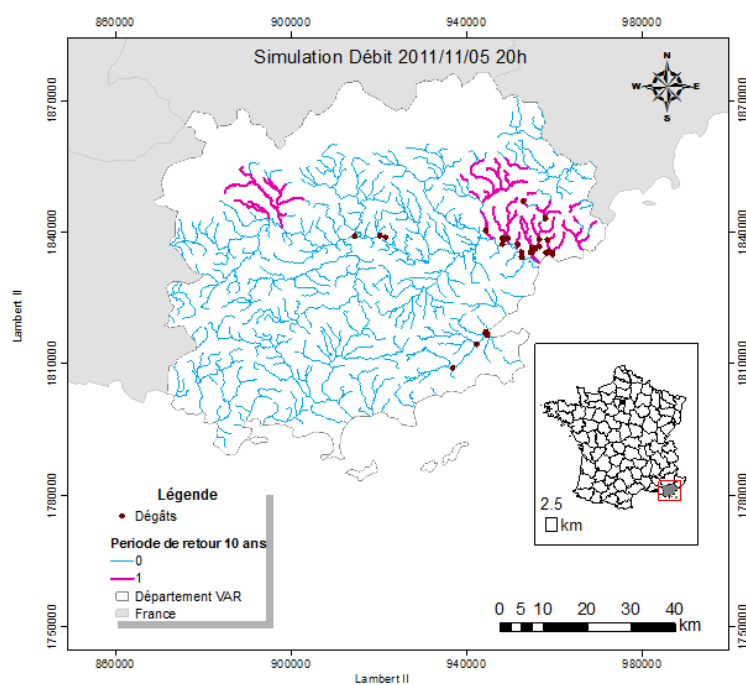


Casari, A., P., Javelle, M.-H., Ramos, E. Leblois, 2016. Generating precipitation ensembles for flood alert and risk management, *Journal of Flood Risk Management*, 9, 4, 402-415,
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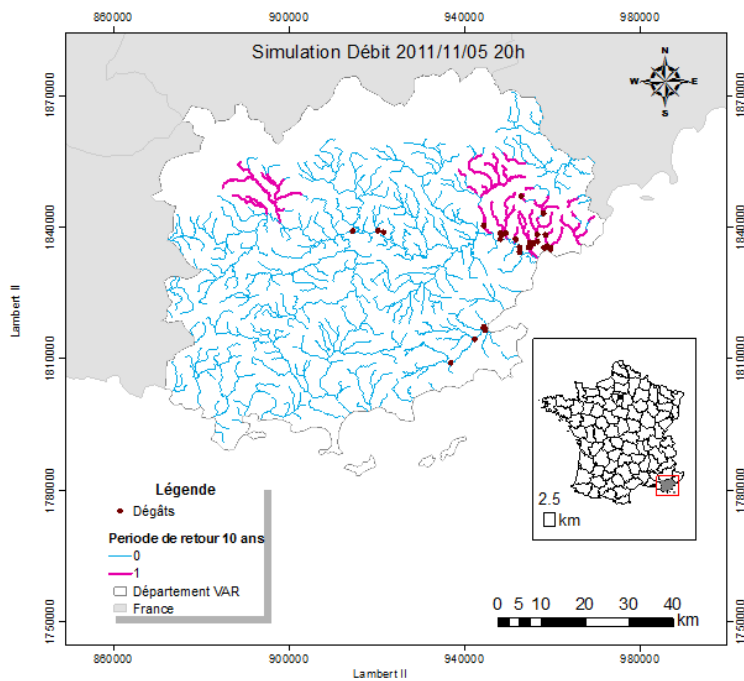
Casari, A., P., Javelle, M.-H., Ramos, E. Leblois, 2016. Generating precipitation ensembles for flood alert and risk management, *Journal of Flood Risk Management*, 9, 4, 402-415,
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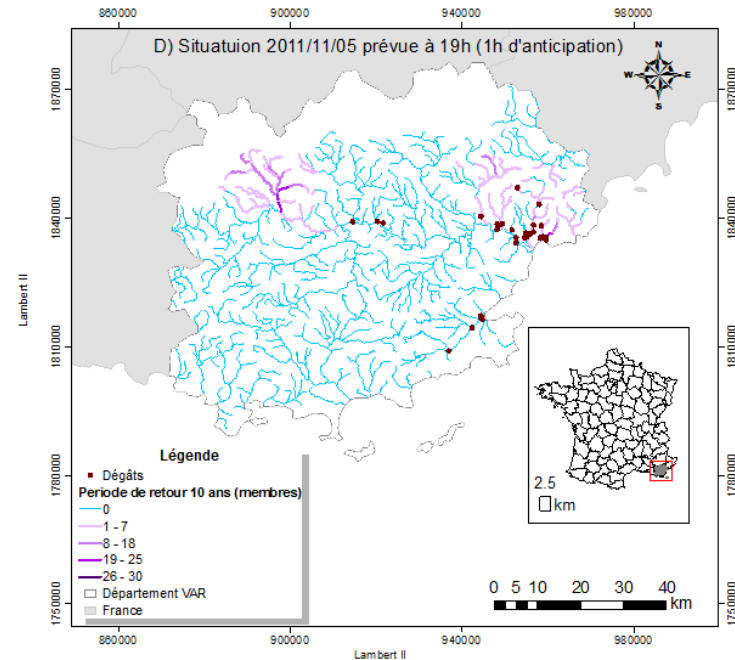
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Ensemble nowcasting: conditional simulation

05/11/2011 8pm (prob $Q > Q_{10}$ year)
Observation (radar as input, damages)



1h ahead



Casari, A., P., Javelle, M.-H., Ramos, E. Leblois, 2016. Generating precipitation ensembles for flood alert and risk management, *Journal of Flood Risk Management*, 9, 4, 402-415,
Casari, A., Ramos, M.-H., Javelle, P., Leblois, E., 2016. A space-time geostatistical approach for ensemble rainfall nowcasting. *Proceed. FLOODrisk 2016 – 3rd European Conference on Flood Risk Management, E3S Web of Conferences*, 7 18001 (2016), 5p.



Ensemble nowcasting: high res AROME-NWC

Flood vigilance service complemented by new warning system for flash floods

VIGICRUES

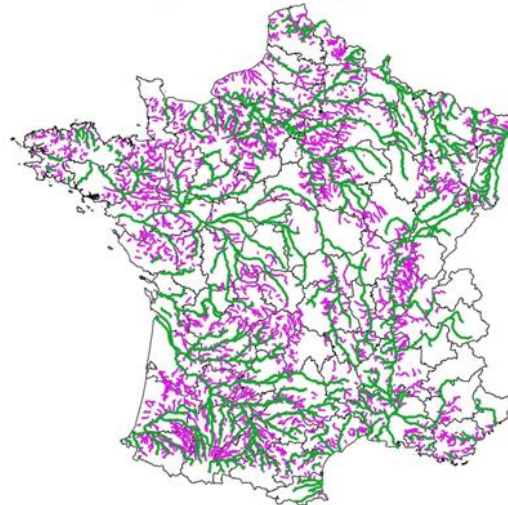
Flood warnings for the next 24 hours
for 22,000 km of monitored rivers



www.vigicrues.gouv.fr

**VIGICRUES
FLASH**

Flash flood warnings for
~10,300 municipalities



— Vigicrues monitored rivers
— Vigicrues Flash network (March 2017)

Current: A fully automated and deterministic system, based on real time observations (no rainfall forecasts)

Future: AROME-NWC

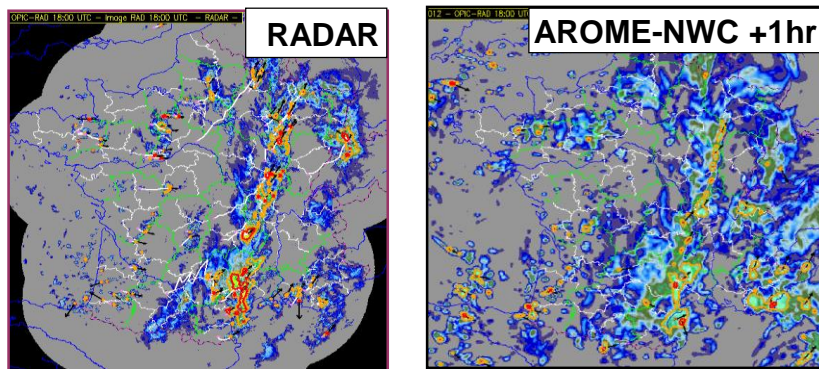
Demargne *et al.* (2017)

Ensemble nowcasting: high res AROME-NWC

AROME-NWC precipitation forecasts from Météo-France (operational since March 2016): convection modeling, hourly updated, 1.3km resolution, +6hr lead time)

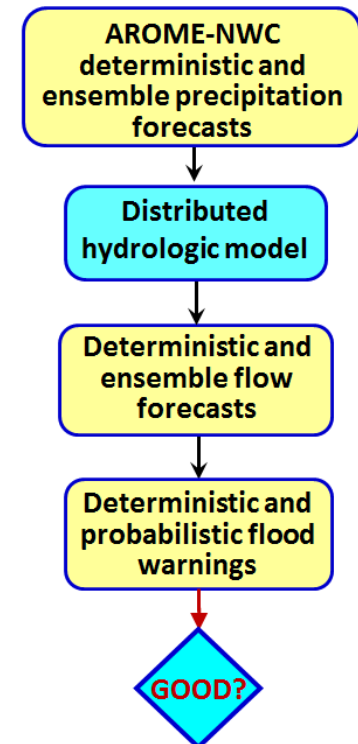
Account for forecast uncertainty

(AROME timelag ens, celerity parameter)



METEO FRANCE
Toujours un temps d'avance

Courtesy of J. Hoffman



Demargne *et al.* (2017)



Ensemble nowcasting: high res AROME-NWC

Prob. Of Detection

(conditioned on obs.)

$$POD = H/(H+M)$$

Success Ratio

(conditioned on fcst.)

$$SR = H/(H+FA)$$

H: nb Hits

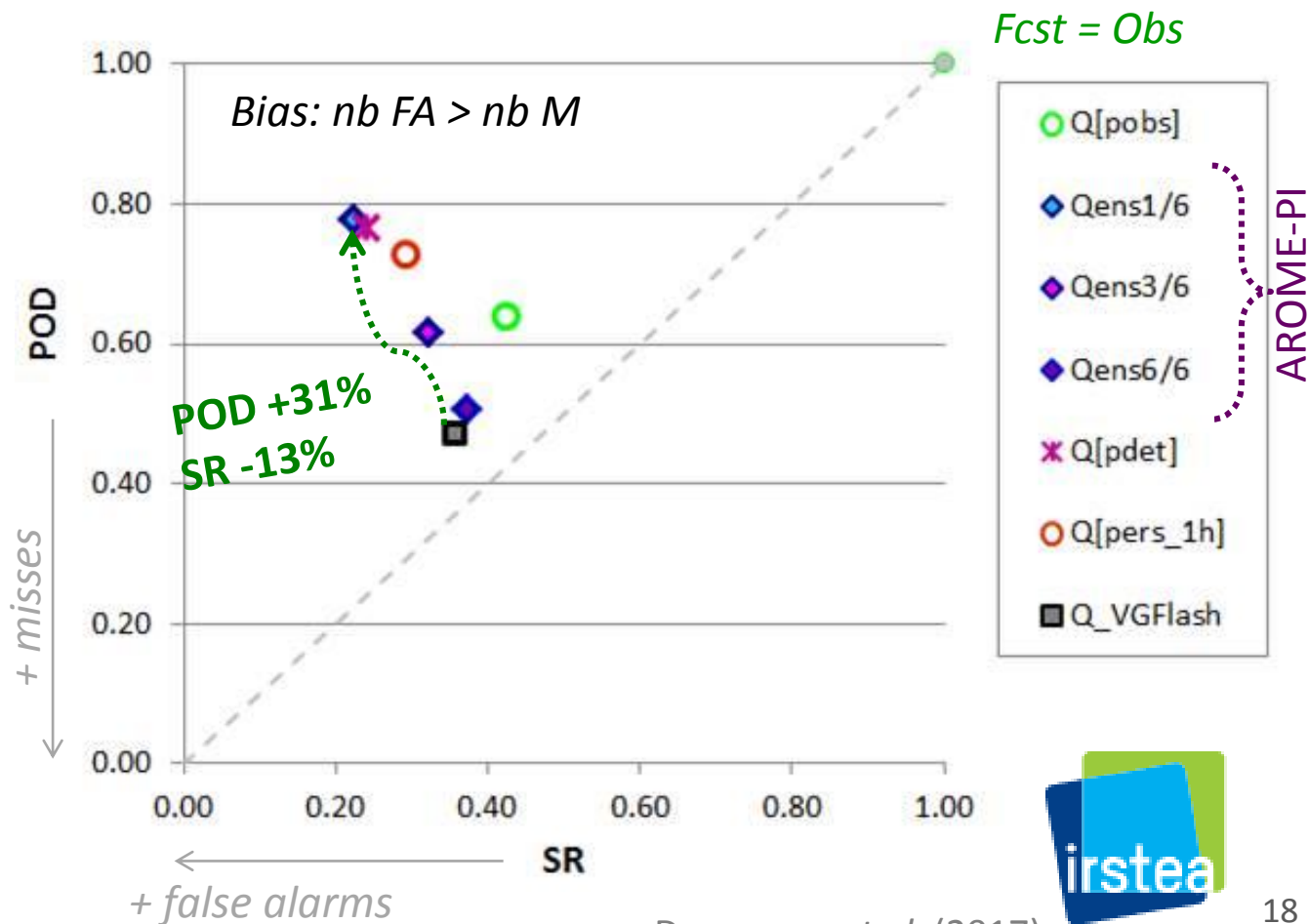
(with lead time ≥ 0)

FA: nb False Alarms

M: nb Misses

AROME: improved detection but reliability loss depending on selected probability level

Event-based contingency for 5yr flood alert
(81 obs. floods vs. 106 floods with Vigicrues Flash)



Final remarks

- Improvements in flash flood anticipation (gains of 1h to 3h), but strongly dependent on rainfall forecast (location) and event
- Several possible ways:
 - Downscaling & Blending
 - Multiple source data techniques
 - Understanding governing process
 - Ensemble Hazard-Vulnerability forecasting
 - Forecasting impacts
 - Data base of flash flood events and verification robustness
 - Influence of automation / human expertise (Pagano *et al.*, 2016)

Are these still challenges for Hepex?

Reading 2004...

Hydrological Ensemble Prediction Experiment (HEPEX)
workshop, Reading, 8 – 10 March 2004

Evaluation of uncertainty propagation in an operational flash flood forecasting chain

Boni, G., Ferraris L., Gabellani S., Parodi A., Provenzale A., Rebora N., Roth G., Rudari R., Siccardi F. and von Hardenberg, J.

 Gruppo Nazionale per la Difesa dalle Catastrofi Idrogeologiche, Italy
(National Group for the defence from hydro-geological Disasters, Italy)

 CIMA - Centro di ricerca Interuniversitario in Monitoraggio Ambientale (Centre for Environmental Monitoring Research), Italy

Pagano, T. C., Pappenberger, F., Wood, A. W., Ramos, M.-H., Persson, A., Anderson, B., 2016: Automation and human expertise in operational river forecasting. *WIRES Water* 2016, 3, 5, 692-705.

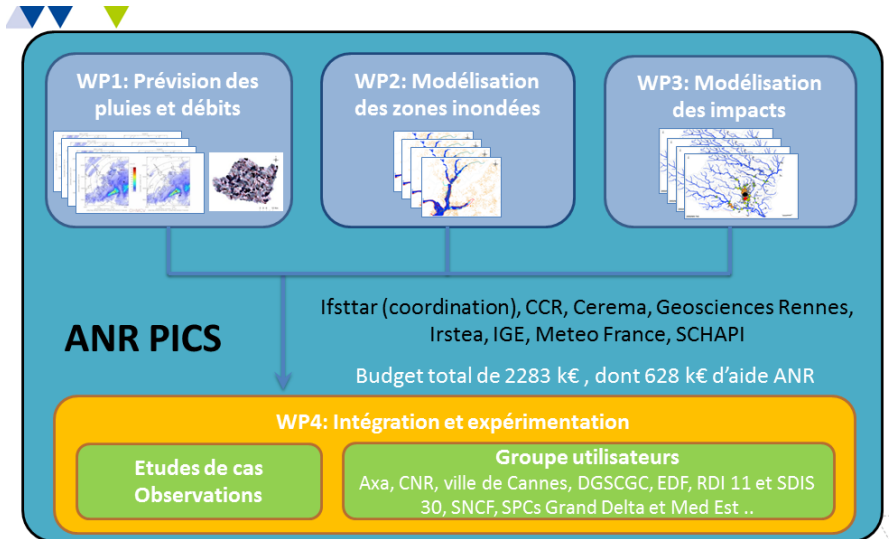
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Merci beaucoup!

ANR French National
Project PICS
(2018-2022)

Towards Integrated
Nowcasting of Flash
Flood Impacts



Visit Daniela Peredo's poster:
**ASSESSMENT OF THE 2016 FLOOD EVENT ON THE SEINE AND LOIRE RIVER
BASINS USING ENSEMBLE FORECASTS**